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## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

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(54) Thiazolidine and pyrrolidine compounds, processes for their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions containing

(5) Thiazolidine and pyrrolidine compounds which have the general formula

and salts thereof for preventing or relieving diabetic complications and for reducing blood pressure, the processes for their preparation, and the compositions comprising them and pharmaceutically acceptable excipient(s).

- aryloxycarbonyl and heteroaryloxycarbonyl;
  - (b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and

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- (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituen selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl,
  - (c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and

lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

- (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
  - R<sup>C</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

    (a) (i) hydroxy, lower alkoxy and amino, and

    (ii) lower alkoxy, and amino substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl, heteroaralkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, acyloxy, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted aralkyl and substituted aryl wherein the substituent is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen or amino;
    - (b) (i) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy, and
- (ii) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen and amino, and

(c) 
$$C^{1}$$
  $Q^{2}$   $CO-R^{B}$ 

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(i) hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower alkenyl, and

(ii) lower alkyl and lower alkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogenolower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfcnyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

R<sup>b</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl, and

(ii) aralkyl, heteroalkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl

substituted by at least one substituent selected from the

group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno
lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy,

acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino,

dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto acylmercapto, lower

alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxy
carbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino
sulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl, and

(iii) carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl,

The compounds [I] of this invention can be prepared by following process.

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(i) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II]

$$R^{A}$$
 $Q^{1}$ 
 $Q^{2}$ 
 $CO-R^{B}$ 
(II),

wherein R<sup>A</sup> and R<sup>B</sup> may be protected by any suitable groups

(e.g., lower alkyr, acyl, aralkyl, aralkyloxy, etc.) when
R<sup>A</sup> and R<sup>B</sup> include reactive groups (e.g., amino, hydroxy,
mercapto, hydroxyamino, etc.), with the reactive derivative
of carboxylic acid of the formula [III] (e.g., acyl halide,
acid anhydide, mixed anhydride, active ester, lactone, etc.)

by general methods used in peptide syntheses or amide
formation reactions

wherein W and R<sup>C</sup> may be protected by any suitable groups

(e.g., lower alkyl, acyl, aralkyl, aralkyloxy, etc.) when
W and R<sup>C</sup> include reactive groups (e.g., amino, hydroxy,
mercapto, hydroxyaminc, etc.), followed by removal of
protective groups by well-known methods (e.g., hydrolysis,
hydrogenolysis, ammonclysis, alcoholysis, etc.).

This procedures of deprotection can be applied in the following methods.

- R<sup>d</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

  (a) (i) hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy,
  carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo, and
- (ii) lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, guanidino, mercapto, acylamino, acylmercapto, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, halogen, nitro, cyano, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio and lower alkylsulfinyl;

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- (c) (i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
  (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, ac'loxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylene-dioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkyl-aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
- and salts thereof which are useful as agents for therapy or prophylaxis of the diabetic complication because they inhibit strongly aldose reductase, and as antihypertensive agents because they inhibit angiotensin I-converting enzyme.

[VII]

protected such as (i) above, in the presence of proper alkaline and/or organic bases, if necessary, by known methods.

(iii) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [VII] (e.g., metioned in (i) above)

$$HOOC-w^1-x-w^2-L$$

and then with a compound of the formula (VIII)

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$$Y-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [VIII]

by the same method as (ii) above.

(iv) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [IX] (e.g., mentioned in (i) above)

20 
$$HOOC-W^{1}-X-W^{2}-Y-W^{3}-L$$
 [IX],

and then with a compound of the formula [X]

(H) 
$$Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [X]

by the same method as (ii) above.

(ii) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of [IV] (e.g., above-mentioned)

5 HOOC-W<sup>1</sup>-L

[IV],

wherein  $W^1$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ C \end{bmatrix}$ , and may be protected such as (i)

above, L is a leaving group (e.g., halogen, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, etc.), by the same methods as described in (i) above to produce a compound of the formula [V]

$$\mathbb{R}^{A} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{Q}^{1} - \mathbb{Q}^{2}} \mathbb{C}^{O-\mathbb{R}^{B}}$$
 [V]

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and then reation of a compound of the formula [V] with a compound of the formula [VI]

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(H) 
$$X-W^2-Y-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$

[VI],

wherein W<sup>2</sup> is  $\begin{array}{c} \begin{pmatrix} R^5 \\ R^6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} R^7 \\ R^8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} W^3 & \text{is} \begin{pmatrix} R^9 \\ R^1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} R^{11} \\ R^{10} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W^4 & \text{is} \end{pmatrix}$ 

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \begin{pmatrix} R^{13} & R^{15} \\ C & C \\ 14 \\ R^{14} \\ S & R^{16} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \right)_{t} \text{ and } W^{2}, \ W^{3}, \ W^{4}, \ X, \ Y, \ Z \ \text{and} \ R^{C} \ \text{may be}$$

reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [XV] (e.g., mentioned in (v) above)

$$HOOC-W^{1}-X-W^{2}-Y-W^{3}-Z(H)$$
 [XV],

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and then with a compound of the formula [XVI]

by the same method as (ii) above.

(viii) A compound of the formula [I] is also yielded by converting a compound of the formula [I] prepared by any method above-mentioned by well-known methods (e.g., oxidation, formation of oxime, hydrazone and semicarbazone, addition to double bond, etc.)

The compounds [I] of this invention are effective on preventing or relieving diabetic complications.

In diabetic patients, high levels of hexoses (e.g.,

glucose, galactose. etc.) in blood lead to the accumulation
of sugar alcohols (e.g., sorbitol, galactitol, etc.) in
tissues. It is known that this accumulation causes the
swelling of cells to induce complications of diabetic
cataract, diabetic retinopathy, diabetic nephropathy, diabetic
neuropathy, etc. [R. Quan-Ma et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res.
Comm., 22, 492 (1966)]. For example, R. Gitzelman et al.

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(v) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid [XI] (e.g., acyl halide, acid anhydride, mixed anhydride, active ester, lactone, thiolactone, etc.)

$$HOOC-W^1-X(H)$$
 [XI],

and then with a compound of the formula [XII]

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$$L-W^2-Y-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [XII]

by the same method as (ii) above.

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(vi) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [XIII] (e.g., mentioned in (v) above)

$$HOOC-W^1-X-W^2-Y(H)$$
 [XIII],

and then with a ccapound of the formula [XIV]

$$L-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [XIV]

by the same method as (ii) above.

(vii) A compound of the formula [I] is yielded by the reaction of a compound of the formula [II] with the

salts to be generally used as medicine such as sodium salt, potassium salt, calcium salt, magnesium salt, alminum salt, ammonium salt, diethylamine salt, triethanolamine, etc.

The compounds of formula [I] have the stereoisomers which are within the limit of this invention, because they have one or more asymmetric carbon atoms.

Typical examples are shown below, although this invention is not limited to these examples.

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2C

have presented that cataract is caused by the accumulation 1 of sugar alcohols [Exptl. Eye. Res., 6, 1 (1967)]. A report of Kinoshita et al. has demonstrated that aldose reductase which reduced aldose to the corresponding sugar alcohols 5 was involved in the initiation of these diabetic complications and that effective inhibitors of aluose reductase were useful [Jpn. J. Ophthalmol., 20, 339 (1976)]. On the basis of the above information, aldose reductase inhibition of the compounds [I] of this irvention was tested. . The results of the examinations demonstrated that these 10 compounds have potent inhibitory activities on aldose reductase, and therefore they are useful as drugs for therapy or prophylaxis of the diabetic complications.

On the other hand, it has been known that a kind of the derivatives of thiazolidine- or pyriolidinecarboxylic acid have potent inhibitory activity to angiotensin I-converting enzyme, but thiazolidine and pyrrolidine compounds of this invention are novel compounds, and have more potent inhibitory activities to angiotensin I-converting enzyme. Furthermore, the compounds of this invention are prepared by convenient methods, and are superior to the stability.

Thus, the compounds of this invention are useful as therapeutic or prophylactic agents and antihypertensive agents.

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The compound of formula [I] can form the conventional

- pyrrolidinc ring. The same shall be applied hereinafte
  - \*2 Two spots were observed on the TLC (ethyl acetatechloroform-acetic acid (10:5:3)), and two products could be separated by silica gel column chromatography
- From NMR spectra, the upper and lower spots were identified as the titled compound and (4R,4R')-3,3'-(octanedioyl)bis[2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid] (compound 40), respectively.
- \*3 Silica gel, ethyl acetate-chloroform-acetic acid 10 (10:5:3).

The compounds shown in Table I and III were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

The following compounds are also prepared by the same procedure as EXAMPLE 1.

- (4R)-3-carboxyacetyl-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
- (4R)-3-(3-carboxypropanoy1)-2-phenyl-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid
- (4R) -3-[3-(2-carboxyethylsulfinyl)propanoyl]-2-(2-
- 20 hydroxyphenyl) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid

  - hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
  - (4R) -3-(4-carboxytutanoy1)-2-(3-hydroxypheny1)-4-
  - thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
- 25 (4R)-3-(5-carboxypentanoy1)-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid



EXAMPLE 1

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(4R)-3-(7-Carboxyheptanoy1)-2-(2-hydroxypheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 20)

(4R)-2-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid 5 (6.8g,) in N sodium hydroxide (30ml) and octanedicyl dichloride (6.3g,) were added dropwise to LM potassium carbonate (60ml) with stirring under ice-cooling. After the addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at 10 the same temperature and for additional 1 hour at room temperature. The solution was acidified with dilute hydrochloric acid, and extracted with ethyl acetate. organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residual oil \*2 was purified by 15 silica gel column chrcmatography to give 7.0g (61%) of the titled compound: mp 155-157°C (dec.) (ethyl acetate);  $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$ +134.1° (c=0.5, methanol). IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3220 (OH), 1710 (COOH), 1620 (CON), 1600 (aromatic), 1415, 1235, 1172, 950, 760. NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$ ): 0.53-1.73 (8H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>+CH<sub>2</sub>+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 20 1.77-2.57 (4H, m.  $-CH_2(CH_2)_4(CH_2^-)$ , 3.63 (1H,  $AB_q(A part)$ , d, J=11.5, 8.5Hz,  $C_5^{*1}-H_A$ ), 3.37 (1H,  $AB_q$ (B part), d, J=11.5, 6.5Hz,  $C_5^{-H}_B$ ), 4.60 (1H, dd, J=8.5, 6.5Hz,  $C_4^{-H}$ ), 6.28 (1H, s,  $C_2$ -H), 6.45-8.07 (4H, m, arom. H), 9.77 (1H, s, -COOH). TLC: Rf value\*3 0.52. 25

<sup>\*1</sup> The numbers represent the positions on thiazolidine or



1 thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(6-carboxyhexanoyl) -2-(2-furyl) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R)-3-(7-carboxyheptanoy1)-2-(2-thieny1)-4-thiazolidine-5 carboxylic acid (4R)-3-(8-carboxyoctanoy1)-2-(3-pyridy1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(9-carboxynonanoyl) -2-(1-naphthyl) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid 10 (4R)-3-(5-carboxypentanoyl)-2-(2-hydroxy-4-sulfamoylphenyl) -4-triazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(6-carboxyhexanoy1) -2-(3-cyanopheny1) -4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(7-carboxyheptanoy1)-2-(3-difluoromethoxypheny1)-15 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R)-3-(8-carboxyoctanoy1)-2-(4-carboxypheny1)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(9-carboxynonanoy1) -2-(3-methylsulfinyiphenyl) -4thiazolidinecarboxvlic acid 20 EXAMPLE 2

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(Octanedioyl)bis[2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 40)

To a stirred solution of (4R)-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (6.8g) in 1M
potassium carbonate (45ml), octanedicyl dichloride (3.2g)

```
(4R)-3-(6-carboxyhexanoy1)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-
 ړ
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(7-carboxyheptanoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(13-carboxytridecanoyl)-2-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-
 5
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(7-carboxyheptanoy1)-2-(3-nitrorheny1)-4-
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-[3-(2-carboxyethylthio)propancyl]-2-(5-nitro-
            phenyl) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
10
            (4R)-3-[[[2-(carboxymethyloxy)ethyl]oxy]acetyl]-2-
            (3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(6-carboxyhexanoy1)-2-(4-nitropheny1)-4-
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R) -3-(9-carboxynonanoy1) -2-(4-nitropheny1) -4-
15
            thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(11-carboxyundecanoy1)-2-(4-nitropheny1)-4-
            thiszolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R) -3-[4-(3-carboxypropyloxy) butanoy1]-2-(4-nitropheny1)-
20
            4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R) -3-[3-(2-carboxyethylsulfonyl)propanoyl]-2-(4-nitro-
           phenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(9-carboxynonanoy1)-2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxypheny1)-
           4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
            (4R)-3-(11-carboxyundecanoy1)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-
25
           4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
           (4R)-3-(13-carboxytridecanoyl)-2-(2-acetoxyphenyl)-4-
```



organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residual oil was purified by silica gel column chromatography to give 7.6g (86%) of the titled compound: mp 93-97°C (dec.); [ $\alpha$ ]  $_{D}^{27}$  +123.6° (c=0.5, methanol). IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1720 (COOH), 1620 (CON), 1600 (aromatic), 1230, 1090, 855, 765. MNR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) 6: 0.7-1.7 (8H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>+CH<sub>2</sub>) $_{4}$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.8-2.4 (4H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>+CH<sub>2</sub>) $_{4}$ -CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.25 (4H, d, J=7.5Hz, C<sub>5</sub>-H), 4.81 (2H, t, J=7.5Hz, C<sub>4</sub>-H), 6.35 (2H, s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 6.7-8.0 (8H, m, arom. H). TLC: Rf value 0.34.

\* Silica gel, ethyl acetate-chloroform-acetic acid (10:5:3).

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The compounds shown in Table II and III were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

### EXAMPLE 3

20 (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(heptanedioyl)bis[2-(3-cyanophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (compound 36)

To a stirred solution of (4R)-2-(3-cyanophenyl)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4.7g) in lM sodium

25 carbonate (30ml), heptanedioyl dichloride (2.1g)
was added dropwise under ice-cooling. The reaction mixtur
was stirred for 30 minutes at the same temperature, and

was added dropwise under ice-cooling. After the addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at the same temperature and for additional 1 hour at room temperature. The solution was acidified with dilute hydrochloric acid, extracted with ethyl acetate. The

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(4R, 4'R) -3, 3'-(pentanedioy1)bis(2-(3-hydroxyphen
4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
(4R,4'R)-3,3'-\{hexanedioy1\} bis (2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-
thiazolidinecarboxylic acidl
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- (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(heptanedioy1)bis(2-(4-chloropheny1)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(octanedioyl) bis [2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(tetradecanedioy1)bis[2-(?-nitropheny1)-4-
- 10 thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R, 4'R)-3, 3'-(3, 3'-thiodipropancyl) bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl) 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4!R)-3,3'-[(ethylenedioxy)diacetyl]bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl) 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
- (4R, 4'R) 3, 3' (heptanedioyl)bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl) 4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(decanedioy1)bis(2-(4-nitropheny1)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid) (4R, 4'R) - 3, 3' - (dodecanedioy1) bis [2-(4-nitropheny1) - 4-
- 20 thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(4,4'-oxydibutanoy1)bis[2-(4-nitropheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(3,3'-sulfonyldipropanoyl)bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
- (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(decanedioy1)bis[2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (4R, 4'R) - 3, 3' - (dodecanedioyl) bis (2-(3, 4, 5-trimethoxyphenyl) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid}

- filtered to give the precipitates. The precipitates were dissolved in hot water (100ml), and acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid. The separated crystals were collected by filtration to give 3.5g (59%) of the titled compound: mp 105-112°C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> +115.0° (c=1.0, methanol). IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2270 (CN), 1735 (COOH), 1640 (CON), 161° (aromatic), 1195, 790 (aromatic). NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 0.69-1.66 (6H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>+CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.70-2.50(4H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>+CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.85-3.66 (4H, m, C<sub>5</sub>-H), 4.69 (1H, dd, J=8.2, 6.0Hz, C<sub>4</sub>-H), 5.13(1H, m; C<sub>4</sub>-H), 6.16 (1H, s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 6.43 (1H, s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 7.3-8.3° (8H, m, arom. H). TLC: Rf value 0.33.
- \* Silica gel, ethyl acetate-chloroform-acetic acid (10:5:3).

The compounds shown in Table II were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

The following compounds are also prepared by the same 20 procedure as EXAMPLE 2 or 3.

.(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(propanedicyl)bis(4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid)

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(butanedioyl)bis(2-phenyl)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic.acid)

25 (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(3,3!-sulfinyldipropanoyl)bis[2-(2-hydroxy-phenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
(4R,4'R)-3,3'-[(ethylenedioxy)diacetyl]bis[2-(2-hydroxy-phenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
(4R,4'R)-3,3'-[(ethylenedithio)diacetyl]bis[2-(2-hydroxy-

reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at the same temperature, and the separated crystals were filtered to give 4.7g (69%) of the titled compound as disodium salt: mp lll-ll3°C (dec.) (water); [a]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> +88.2° (c=0.5, methanol) IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1635 (CON), 1585 (COO<sup>-</sup>), 1520 and 1355 (NO<sub>2</sub>), 1095, 730. TLC: Rf value 0.28.

\* Silica gel, ethyl acetate-chloroform-acetic acid (10:5:3).

10

#### EXAMPLE 5

(4R) -3-(3-Carboxypropanoy1) -2-(2-hydroxypheny1) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 6)

15 To a stirred solution of (4R)-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarbcxylic acid (4.5g) and triethylamine (4.0g) in acetone (100ml), succinic anhydride (2.0g) was added at room temperature, and stirred for 3 hours at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated 20 in vacuo, and acidified with dilute hydrochloric acid. The separated oil was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the crganic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo to give 4.9g (75%) of the titled 25 compound: mp 190-191°C (dec.) (ethyl acetate-methanol);  $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +181.6° (c=1.0, methanol). IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3210

```
(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(tetradecanedioy1)bis(2-(2-acetoxypheny1)-
 1
     4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(heptanedioyl)bis[2-(2-furyl)-4-thiazolidine-
     carboxylic acid]
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(octanedioyl)bis[2-(2-thienyl)-4-thiazolidine-
 5
     carboxylic acidl
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(nonanedioyl)bis[2-(3-pyridyl)-4-thiazolidine-
     carboxylic acid]
   (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(decanedioyl)bis[2-(1-naphtyl)-4-thiazolidine-
10
     carboxylic asid]
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(hexanedioy1)bis[2-(2-hydroxy=5-sulfamoy1-
     phenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(octanedioy1)bis(2-(3-difluoromethoxypheny1)-
     4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
     (4R, 4'R) - 3, 3' - (nonanedioyl) bis[2-(4-carboxyphenyl) - 4-
15
     thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
     (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(decanedioyl)bis[2-(3-methylsulfinyl-
```

20 EXAMPLE 4

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(Heptanedioyl)bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid] (compound 35)

phenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]

To a stirred solution of (4R)-2-(3-nitrophenyl)
25 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (5.lg)inllM

sodium carbonate (40ml), heptanedioyl dichloride (2.lg)

was added dropwise under ice-cooling. The

After the addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours at the same temperature. After the filtration of solution, the filtrate was acidified with dilute hydrochloric acid, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residual oil was purified by silica gel column chromatography to give 7.8g (44%) of the titled compound: [a]<sup>25</sup> +161.6° (c=1.0, methanol).

IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3380 (OH), 1723 (COOH, COOCH<sub>3</sub>), 1624 (CON), 1235, 1200, 1174, 764.

The compounds shown in Table I and II were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

15

#### EXAMPLE 7

(4R) -3-(3-Carboxy-2-methylpropanoy1) -2-(2-hydroxypheny1) -4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 5)

(4R)-3-[C-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-methylpropanoyl]-2(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound
4) (7.1g) was dissolved in 2N sodium hydroxide (40ml)
and stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. The
resulting solution was acidified with dilute hydrochloric
acid and the separated crystals were filtered to give
5.1a (75%) of the titled compound: mp 163-164°C (dec.)

- 1 (OH), 1720 (COOH), 1618 (CON), 1602 (aromatic), 1245, 1173, 940, 763. NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>,δ): 2.0-2.7 (4H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-), 3.03 (1H, AB<sub>q</sub>(A part), d, J=11.0, 10.0Hz, C<sub>5</sub>-H<sub>A</sub>), 3.36 (1H, AB<sub>q</sub> (B part), d, J=11.0, 7.0Hz, C<sub>5</sub>-H<sub>B</sub>), 4.61 and 5.07 (1H, dd, J=10.0, 7.0Hz and m, C<sub>4</sub>-H), 6.36 (1H, s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 6.5-8.0 (4H, arom. H). TLC: Rf value 0.35.
  - \* Silica gel, ethyl acetate-chloroform-acetic acid (10:5:3).
- The compounds shown in Table I and III were prepared by the same procedure as described above. The following compounds are also prepared by the same procedure as EXAMPLE 5.

  (4R)-3-(4-carboxy-4-oxobutanoy1)-2-(2-hydroxypheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
- 20 EXAMPLE 6

ŗ

(4R)-3-[3-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-methylprcpanoyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 4)

To a stirred solution of (4R)-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)
25 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (11.3g) in 1M sodium

carbonate (80mL), dl-3-methoxycarbonyl-2-methylpropancyl

chloride (3.2g) was added dropwise under ice-cooling.



- in 20ml of anhydrous tetrahydrofuran, isobutyl chloroformate (0.39ml) was added dropwise at -15°C, and stirred for additional 2 hours at this temperature. To this solution, the methanol solution of hydroxylamine (0.3g)
- was added dropwise at -50°C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature, acidified with N hydrochloric acid, and extracted

with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous

magnesium sulfate, and concentrated in vacuo. The residual oil was purified by silica gel column chlromatography to give 0.7g (63%) of the titled compound. IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3220, 1727, 1625, 1595, 1200, 1092, 753.

NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>, δ): 1.24 (3H, t, J=7.5Hz, CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>),

2.17-3.07 (4H, m,  $CO-(CH_2)_2CO$ ), 3.30 (1H,  $AB_q$  (A part), d, J=10.0, 2.0Hz,  $C_5-H_A$ ), 3.47 (1H,  $AB_q$  (B part), d, J=10.0, 7.0Hz,  $C_5-H_B$ ), 4.14 (2H, q, J=7.5Hz,  $CO_2CH_2$ ), 5.18 (1H, dd, J=2.0, 7.0Hz,  $C_4-H$ ), 6.40 (1H, S,  $C_2-H$ ), 6.88-7.27 (4H, m, arom. H), 8.60 (2H, br. s, NHOH), 9.77 (1H, br. s,

20 OH)

The compounds shown in Table I were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

25 EXAMPLE 9

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(Nonanedicyl bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid methyl ester] (compound 46)

- (ethyl acetate);  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25}$  +174.1° (c=1.0, methanol). 1 (nujo1,  $cm^{-1}$ ): 3330 (OH), 1730 and 1710 (COOH), 1629 (CON), 1280, 1234, 856, 771.
  - The compounds shown in Table I and II were prepared by 5 the same procedure as described above. The following compounds are also prepared by the same procedure as EXAMPLE 6 and 7.
    - (4R) -3- [4-(carboxymethyl) benzoyl] -2-(2-hydroxyphenyl) -
- 10 4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-[(4-carboxyphenyl)acetyl]-2-phenyl-4-thiazolidine-
  - (4R) -3-(4-carboxy-3-butenoy1) -2-(2-hydroxypheny1) -4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid
- 15 (4R)-3-(4-carboxy-2-butenoy1)-2-(2-hydroxypheny1)-4thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (4R) -3-(4-carboxy-3-butynoy1) -2-(2-hydroxypheny1) -4-
- 20

thiazolidinecarboxylic acid

carboxylic acid

(4R) -3-[3-(N-Hydroxycarbamoyl)propanoyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid ethyl ester (compound 10a)

EXAMPLE 8

25 To a stirred solution of (4R)-3-(3-carboxypropanoy1)-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid ethyl ester (compound 9a) (1.06g) and N-methylmorpholine (0.33ml)

| <del></del>                    | 75a   | 75b  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| yield                          | 0.4g (37%)  | 0.5g (47%)   |
| $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25}$ | -52.2° (c=1.2, MeOH)  | -60.4° (c=1.0, MeO   |
| IR (neat, cm-1)                | 1720, 1620, 1422,<br>1217, 756  | 1722, 1620, 1420,<br>1215, 755   |
|                                | 2.67-3.63 (6H, m,<br>5)-S-CH <sub>2</sub> -CO <sub>2</sub> H, C <sub>5</sub> -H,<br>-CH <sub>2</sub> -Ph),<br>3.83-4.83 (3H, m,<br>-CO-CH-S-, C <sub>2</sub> -H),<br>4.98 (1H, dd, J=4.5,<br>6.5Hz, C <sub>4</sub> -H),<br>7.22 (5H, s, -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )<br>9.55 (-CO <sub>2</sub> H) | 2.70-3.50 (6H, m,<br>-S-CH <sub>2</sub> -CO <sub>2</sub> H, C <sub>5</sub> -H,<br>-CH <sub>2</sub> -Ph),<br>4.00-4.57 (3H, m,<br>-CO-CH-S-, C <sub>2</sub> -H)<br>5.02 (1H, dd, J=4.5<br>9.5Hz, C <sub>4</sub> -H),<br>7.23 (5H, s, -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )<br>10.00 (-CO <sub>2</sub> H) |

The compounds shown in Table IV were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

#### EXAMPLE 11

20 (4R)-3-[(Carboxymethylamino)acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 81)

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(4R)-3-Chloroacetyl-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid (6g) was added to a stirred solution of glycine (1.5g) in N sodium hydroxide (80ml), and stirred overnight at room temperature. The solution was adjusted to pH 1.5 by 20% hydrochloric acid and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was adjusted to pH 3.2, and

To a stirred solution of (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(nonanedioy1)bis[2-(3-nitropheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid]
(compound 47) (3.3g) in ethyl acetate (50ml), 2% ether solution of diazomethane was added dropwise until the

yellow color of diazomethane was not disappeared, and stirred continuously for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo to give 3.3g (96%) of the titled compound: mp 61-63°C (benzene); [a]<sup>23</sup><sub>D</sub> +79.4° (c=1.0, methanol). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1740, 1660, 1530, 1350,

#### EXAMPLE 10

(4R)-3-[(2-Carboxymethylthio-3-phenyl)propanoyl]-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 75a and 75b)

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(4R)-3-[(2-Mercapto-3-phenyl)propanoyl]-4-thizolidine-carboxylic acid (1.0g), potassium carbonate (0.7g), chloroacetic acid (0.2g) and potassium iodide (0.05g) were dissolved in water (5ml), and stirred for 6 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was acidified with 5N hydrochloric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The titled compounds (75a and 75b) were separated from the oily residue by silica gel column chromatography.

1 compound: [a]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> -67.9° (c=1.2, MeOH). IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>):
3460, 1742, 1642, 1428, 1180. NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, δ): 1.23 (6H, t,
J=7Hz, -CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.25 (3H, d, J=7.2Hz, CO-CH-N), 1.67CH<sub>3</sub>

5 2.40 (4H, m,  $C_3$ -H and  $C_4$ -H), 3.57 (4H, s, -N- $CH_2$ CO<sub>2</sub>Et), 3.50-4.00 (2H, m,  $C_5$ -H), 4.13 (4H, q, J=7Hz,  $-COCH_2$ CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.10-4.67 (2H, m,  $C_2$ -H and -CO-CH-N), 5.03, 5.20 (2H,  $AB_q$ ,  $CH_3$ 

J=12Hz,  $-CH_2$ -Ph), 7.30 (5H, s,  $-C_6\frac{H_5}{5}$ ).

The compounds shown in Table V were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

15 EXAMPLE 13

(2S)-1-[[(2S)-Bis(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]propanoyl]2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 86)

(2S)-1-[[(2S)-2-bis(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]propanoyl]2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid benzyl ester (compound 88)
(0.50g) was dissolved in echanol (10ml), and hydrogenated
with 10% palladium on charcoal catalyst (50mg). The
titled compound was obtained as a colorless oil. Yield
0.40g (quant. yild); [α] 24 -52.2° (c=1.1, MeOH). IR
(neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1742, 1640, 1442, 1190, 1130, 752. NMR
(CDCl<sub>3</sub>, δ): 1.23 (6H, t, C=7Hz, -CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, 1.25 (3H, d,
J=7.2Hz, COCH-N ), 1.67-2.50 (4H, m, C<sub>3</sub>-H and C<sub>4</sub>-H),

- the separated crystals were collected by filtration to 3.28g (48.2%) of the titled compound: mp 181-182°C (dec.) (water); [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> +271.2° (c=0.5, MeOH). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3400, 3200, 1740, 1672, 1560, 1440, 1380, 1335, 1212, 752, 648, NMR (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in D<sub>2</sub>O, δ): 3.0-4.3 (6H, m, C<sub>5</sub>-H, COCH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H), 6.33 and 6.43 (1H, each s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 6.6-7.3 (3H, m, arom. H), 7.82 (1H, br. d, J=8Hz, arom. H), 9.0-10.3 (2H, br. s, -OH, -CO<sub>2</sub>H).
- The compounds shown in Table V were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

#### EXAMPLE 12

(2S)-1-[[(2S)-2-Bis(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]propanoyl]15 2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid benzyl ester (compound 88)

ice-cooling to a stirred solution of L-alanyl-L-proline
benzyl ester p-toluenesulfonate (2.24g) and triethylamine

(1.53ml) in dry methylenechloride. After the addition,
the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room
temperature, refluxed for another 5 hours, and washed with
water and saturated sodium chloride solution. The organic
layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrate
in vacuo. The residual oil was purified by stlica gel column
chromatography to give 1.02g (44.3%) of the titled

- saturated sodium chloride solution. The organic layer
  was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and evaporated
  in vacuo. The residual oil was purified by silica gel
- column chromatography to give 1.3g (89%) of the titled compound: mp 110-110.5°C (benzene-hexane); [α]<sup>24</sup><sub>D</sub> -114.0° (c=1.0, MeOH). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3460, 1739, 1635, 1436, 1200, 1166. NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, δ): 1.23 (3H, d, J=7Hz, -CO-CH-N CH<sub>3</sub>
- 1.28 (3H, t, J=7Hz,  $-CO_2CH_2CH_3$ ), 1.67-2.50 (4H, m,  $C_3$ -H and  $C_4$ -H), 3.60 (2H, s,  $-COCH_2Ph$ ), 3.33-3.90 (2H, m,  $C_5$ -H), 4.16 (2H, q, J=7Hz,  $-COCH_2CH_3$ ), 4.23 (2H, s,  $-N-CH_2CO_2Et$ ), 4.30-4.60 (1H, m,  $C_2$ -H), 5.03, 5.23 (2H,  $AB_q$ , J=12.5Hz,  $-CO_2CH_2Ph$ ), 5.58 (1H, q, J=7Hz,  $-COCH_2$ N), 7.23 (5H, s,  $-CO_2CH_2Ph$ ), 5.58 (1H, q, J=7Hz,  $-COCH_2$ N), 7.23 (5H, s,  $-COCH_3$ N)
- 15  $-\text{COCH}_2\text{C}_6\frac{\text{H}_5}{5}$ , 7.30 (5H, s,  $-\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\frac{\text{H}_5}{5}$ ).

The compounds shown in Table V were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

20 EXAMPLE 15

(2S)-1-[(2S)-2-[(1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl) thio]propanoyl]2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 79)

(2S)-1-[(2S)-2-Mercaptopropanoy1]-2-pyrrolidine
carboxylic acid (2.0g), potassium carbonate (2.3g) and 2
bromo-4-phenylbutancic acid (2.9g) were dissolved in water

(40ml), and stirred overnight at room temperature. The

3,53 (4H, s, N-CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>Et), 3.50-4.00 (2H, m,  $C_5$ -H), 4.10 (4H, q, J=7Hz,  $-\text{CO}_2^{\text{CH}_2^{\text{CH}_3}}$ ), 4.10-4.33 (1H, m,  $-\text{COCH}_1^{\perp}$ N),

4.47 (lH, dd, J=6.5, 5.0Hz,  $C_2$ -H), 9.20 (lH, br. s,  $-CO_2$ H).

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The compounds shown in Table V were prepared by the same procedure as described above. The following compouds are also prepared by the same procedure as EXAMPLE 12 and 13. (2S)-1-[[4-(1-carboxy-3-pheny]propyl)amino]benzoyl]-2pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid. (4R)-3-[[4-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]benzoyl]-2-:

(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid

#### EXAMPLE 14

15 (2S)-1-[[(2S)-2-(N-Ethoxycarbonylmethyl-N-phenylacetyl)amino]propanoy1]-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid benzyl ester (compound 90)

Phenylacetyl chloride (0.44ml) was added dropwise at 20 room temperature to a stirred solution of (2S)-1-[[(2S)-2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]propanovl]-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid benzyl ester (1.1g) and triethylamine (0.47ml) in dry acetone (15ml). After the addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at the same temperature, and the precipitate was removed by filtration. filtrate was evaporated in vacuo, and the residual oil was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and washed with water and

The compounds shown in Table V were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

In EXAMPLES and TABLES I, II, III, IV and V, "a" and "b" of compound No. represent diastereoisomers each other.

TABLES I, II, III, IV and V show various compounds and their physical constants including the compounds specified in EXAMPLES.

- reaction mixture was acidified with 6N hydrochloric acid, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and concentrated in vacuo.

  The residual oil was purified by silica gel column chromatography to give 2.3g (62%) of the titled compound: [a] 23 -82.2° (c=1.2, MeOH). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1/40, 1/20, 1610, 1455, 1438, 1185, 748, 700.
- The compounds shown in Table IV were prepared by the same procedure as described above.

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#### EXAMPLE 16

1-[[(1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid (compound 99)

l-(Chloroacetyl)-5-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid [mp 204-206°C(dec.), [a]<sup>24</sup> +24.5° (c=1.2,
MeOH)] (2.8g) was added to a stirred solution of 2-amino4-phenylbutanoic acid (1.8g)in N sodium hydroxide (40ml).
The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room
temperature. The solution was adjusted to pH 1.5 by 20%
hydrochloric acid, and washed with ethyl acetate. The
aqueous layer was adjusted to pH 3.0, and the separated
solid was collected by filtration to give 1.0g (24%) of
the titled compound. IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3425, 1735, 1625,
1588.



Table-continued

| Ti T   | +        | 1     | ,      | ,       |     |          | Method                    | 777        | (D.) dar                                    | ( v)           |                  | H.                    | spectrum     |             |          | Rf                          |
|--|----------|-------|--------|---------|-----|----------|---------------------------|------------|---|----------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 2-OH OH OHE O 2 1 75 190-191 (dec.) +181.6 B   2-OH OH OHE O 2 6 81 165-166 (dec.)   | . ov     | -     | ,<br>H | -<br>-  | E   | <b>c</b> | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) |            | (Recrystn.<br>solvent)                      | (c, solv., °C) | Sampl1<br>method | ng*1                  | 13           | 1-1         |          | vs lue (\$10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 2-OH OH ONE O 2 6 81 165-166 (dec.) +164.5 h (EtOAC) (1.0, HeOH, 25) (EtOAC) (1.0, HeOH, 25) (EtOAC) (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (EtOH-II2O) (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (EtOH-II2O) (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (2.5, PEOH, 21) h (2.5, PEOH, 22) h (2.5, PEOH, 24) h (2.5, PEOH, 24) h (2.5, PEOH, 24) h (2.5, PEOH, 23) h (2.5, P | 9        | 2-OH  | 1      | ₹       | 0   | ~        | ~ rs                      | 75         | 190-191 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc-MeOH)              | ì              | æ                | 3210, 17<br>940, 763  | 20,          | 1602, 124   |          | 0.35                        |
| 2-OH OEC OH OE OE OH O 2 5 45 181-182 (10.5, FROM, 21) 1190, 1717, 1703, 1517, 1595, 15135 (1200, 1200)  | 7        | 2-0H  |        | OMe     | 0   | 7        | v                         | 83         |   |                | 4                | 3370, 17<br>355       | 50, 1693,    | 1635, 121   | i, 1165, | 0.47                        |
| 2-01   01   01   0   2   5   23   116-118   0   -311.6   1   1180, 760   1180, 780   118   | Ва       | 2-OH  |        |         | 0   | ~        | <b>v</b> o                | <b>.</b> . | 181-182<br>(EtoAc)                          |                | 4                |                       | ~            | 1637, 1599  | 1235     | 0.55                        |
| 2-01   011   01   0   2   7   172-173 (dec.)   A   173-173 (dec.)   A   172-173 (dec.)   Co. A   172-172 (dec.)   Co. A   172-173 (dec.)   Co. A   | gg<br>Gg | 2-0H  |        |         | 0   | ~        | s                         | 23         | 116-118<br>(EtoAc)                          |                | æ                | 3370, 17<br>1180, 760 |              | 1635, 159   |          | 0.55                        |
| 2-OH ON NION O 2 7 amorph.  2-OH OE NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  2-OH ON ON ON NION O 2 8 amorph.  3-OH ON ON NION O 2 9 Amorph.  3-OH | 99       | 2-011 | ō      | NIIOH   |     | 7        | ,                         |            | 172-173 (dec.)<br>(EtOII-II <sub>2</sub> O) |                | 4                |                       | 1720,<br>748 | 1657,       |          | 0.22                        |
| 2-OH OEt NHOH O 2 8 amorph.  | q        | 2-0H  | ğ      | NHOHN   |     | 7        | ,                         |            | amorph.                                     |                | 4                |                       | 7.           | 1625,       | , 1225,  | 0.33                        |
| 2-OH ON  | Ja       | 2-08  | OEt    |         | 0   | 7        | 60                        |            | amo rph.                                    |                | æ                |                       | 17, 1625,    | 1595, 1200  | ,1092,   | 0.254                       |
| 2-OH OH ONE 1 2 6 Amorph.  | Ð        | 2-011 | OEt    |         | 0   | 7        | æ                         |            | amorph.                                     |                |                  |                       |              |             |          | 0.324                       |
| 2-OH OH OMe 1 2 6 (benzene) (0.5, MeOH, 23) 758  a 2-OH OH OH 1 2 7 79 168-170 (dec.) +168.0 A 3100, 1718, 1625, 1610, 1192, 2700 OH 0 1 2 7 79 168-170 (dec.) +168.0 A 3100, 1718, 1625, 1598, 758 (acetone-cyclohexane) (0.4, MeOH, 23) 753 (acetone-cyclohexane) (0.4, MeOH, 23) 753 (acetone-cyclohexane) 75 | \$ .     | 2-Он  | ē      | ОМе     | 7   | 7        | 9                         |            | amorph.                                     |                | æ                | 1738, 163             | 10, 1585,    | 1310, 1258  |          |                             |
| a 2-OH OH OH 1 2 7 79 168-170 (dec.) +168.0 A egetone—  cyclohexana)  2-OH OH OH 1 2 7 163-164 (dec.) +149.2 A egetone—  (acetone— (acetone) +149.2 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone) +149.2 hrofile) (acetone) +163.0 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone— (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone— (acetone— (acetone) +145.0 hrofile) (acetone) +146.0 hrofile) (acetone— (acetone— (acetone— (acetone) +146.0 hrofile) (acetone) +146.0 hrofil | П        | 2-ОН  | ē      | OMe     | 7   | 7        | 9                         |            | 205-207 (dec.)<br>(bénzene)                 |                | øi.              | 3110, 17:<br>758      | 1625,        | 1610,       |          |                             |
| 2-OH OH OH 1 2 7 163-164 (dec.) +149.2 A (acetone- C.4, MeOH, 23).  2-OH OH OH OE O 3 5 65 161-162 (dec.) +153.8 B (H <sub>2</sub> O) (0.5, MeOH, 24)  2-OH OH OE O 3 6 88 157-158 (dec.) +145.6 A (ELOAC-benzene) (1.0, MeOH, 25)  H OH OH OH O 3 5 73 139-140 +106.3 B   | ø        | 2-OH  | ₹      | 8       | 7   | 7        | 7                         |            | 168-170 (dec.) (acetone-                    |                | ď                |                       |              |             |          | 0.254                       |
| 2-Oil Oil Oil O il 5 65 161-162 (dec.) +153.8 B il 190, 1713, 1632, 1598, 1253, (15, MeOil, 24) 943, 760 943, 7 | <u>a</u> | 2-OH  | 8      | 8       | -   | 7        | 7                         |            | 163-164 (dec.)<br>(acetone-<br>cyclohexane) |                |                  | 3300, 172<br>753      | 0, 1708,     | 1615, 1598  | , 1242,  | 0.254                       |
| 2-OH OH OEt O 3 6 88 157-158 (dec.) +145.6 A 3340, 1725, 1638, 1597, 1218, (EIOAc-benzene) (1.0, MeOH, 25) 768 (1.0, MeOH, 25) 768 (1.0, MeOH, 25) 168 (1.0, MeOH, 25) 168 (1.0, 1753, 1709, 1631, 1423, (ELOAc-MeOH) (1.0, MeOH, 24) 729  | _        | 2-011 | ē      | ō       | 0   | r ·      | Ŋ                         |            | 161-162 (dec.)<br>(II <sub>2</sub> 0)       |                | æ                | 3190, 171<br>943, 760 |              |             | , 1098,  | 0.38                        |
| H OH OH OH 0 3 5 73 139-140 +106.3 В<br>(ЕСОАС-МЕОН) (1.0, МСОП, 24)   |          | 2-011 | Ö      | )<br>30 | • . | <b>m</b> | o                         | •          | 157-158 (dec.)<br>(E10Ac-benzene)           |                | <b>«</b>         | 3340, 172<br>768      | 1638,        | 1597, 1218  | , 1120,  | 0.48                        |
|  |          | =     | ĕ      | ö       | . • | e.       | σ                         | m          | 139-140<br>[Etoac-Meoh]                     |                | æ.               | 31.70, 175<br>729     | 3, 1709,     | 1631, 1423, | .7711    | 0.39                        |

| cor <sup>2</sup> | śмсо-(си <del>"</del> Сн <sub>2</sub> <del>),</del><br>сн <sub>3</sub>                         | Compound 3-32          |  |
|------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Cor              | β Nco-{cμ <sub>h</sub> (ch <sub>2</sub> hcor <sup>3</sup><br>(ch <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O | Compound No. 2a and 2b |  |
| cor <sup>2</sup> | S NCO{CH (HCH2 hCor3) CH3  | Compound No. 1         |  |

| †<br>Compd. | ٦.   | ~ॄ     | e.  | 1 |   | Method  | Yield      | (D <sub>e</sub> ) du                     | [a] <sub>D</sub> deg.      | = 1; |                     | IR 8                      | IR spectrum  | Ę               |                | RE +2               |
|-------------|------|--------|-----|---|---|---------|------------|--|----------------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| No.         | •    | •      | •   | a | = | (Examp. | 3          | (Mecrysth.<br>golvent)                   | (c, solv., °C)             |      | Samplingl<br>method |                           | S  | cm-1            |                | (S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 7           |      | æ      | ₹   | 0 | ٠ | -       | . 55       | oil                                      | -84.3 .<br>(0.8, MgOH, 26) | . 3  | v                   | 1720,                     | 1720, 1605, 1420, 1190,<br>1015, 880                           | 1420,           | 1190,          | 0.39                |
| 2a          |      | E<br>C | 8   | 0 | m | s       | <b>3</b> 6 | oil                                      | -19.8<br>(1.1, MeOH, 24)   | 3    | U                   | 1733,<br>1410,            | 1733, 1710, 1650, 1600,<br>1410, 1240, 1040                    | 1650,<br>1040   | 1600,          | 0.603               |
| 3p          |      | 픙      | 픙   | 0 | m | ທ       | 27         | oil                                      | -113.8<br>(1.1, MeOH, 24)  | a    | U                   | 1730, 1650,<br>1240, 1042 | 1730, 1650, 1610, 1410,<br>1240, 1042                          | 1610,           | 1410,          | 0.553               |
| æ           | 2-0H | ¥      | 픙   | 0 | ~ | -       | 65         | 154.0-154,5 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> O) | +201.4<br>(0.7, MeOH, 25)  | 3    | m                   | 3340,<br>1460,<br>915, 7  | 3340, 1725, 1625, 1600,<br>1460, 1430, 1235, 1100,<br>915, 770 | 1625,<br>1235,  | 1600,<br>1100, | 0.25                |
| 4           | 2-OH | Б      | OMe | 7 | ~ | 9       | 44         | 011                                      | +161.6<br>(1.0, MeOH, 25)  |      | ÷                   | 3380,                     | 3380, 1723, 1624, 1235,<br>1200, 1174, 764                     | 1624,<br>764    | 1235,          | 0.51                |
| Ŋ           | 2-0H | #6     | ₹,  | 7 | - | 7       | 75 .       | 163-164 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)                | +174.1<br>(1.0, MeOH, 25)  |      | B 3                 | 280,                      | 3330, 1730, 1710, 1629,<br>1280, 1234, 856, 771                | 1710,<br>856, 7 | 1629,          | 0.41                |

Table-continued

| +   | •    | •  | ſ  |   |      | Mathod                    | 3    | (°C)                               |  |            | IR   | IR spectrum       | rum             |               | Rf                        |
|-----|------|----|----|---|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------------------|--|------------|--|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| No. | T.   | 7. | Į. | s | c    | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | (4)  | (Recrystn.<br>solvent)             | lujo aeg.<br>(c, solv., °C)                                | Sampling*1 | 41   | S                 | cm-1            |               | value (S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
|     | 2-ОН | ₹  | ₹  | 0 | σ.   | e e                       | . 88 | 011                                | +100.3<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)                                  | ပ          | 1710, 1620, 1600, 1410, 0.58<br>1230, 1090, 850, 760               | 620,              | 1600,<br>850, 7 | 1410,<br>60   | 0.58                      |
|     | 2-OH | ā  | ₹  | 0 | . 01 | -                         | 52   | 123-124<br>(EtOAc-cycle<br>hexane) | 123-124<br>(Etchc-cyclo- +120.4<br>hexane) (0.5, MeOH, 25) | æ          | 3320, 1705, 1620, 1595, 0.61<br>1410, 1233, 1090, 943,<br>850, 760 | 705,<br>233,<br>0 | 1620,           | 1595,<br>943, | 0.61                      |
|     | 3-CN | ₹  | 푱  | 0 | 70   | ٦                         | 99   | 011                                | +56.4<br>(0.3, MeOH, 23)                                   |            |  |                   |                 |               | 0.564                     |
| -   | 2-OH | ₹  | ₹  | 0 | 12   | ٦                         | 59   | amorph.                            | +101.4<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)                                  | ø.         | 3280, 1700, 1620, 1575, 0.52<br>760,722                            | ,000              | 1620,           | 1575,         | 0.52                      |
|     | 3-CN | ᅙ  | ð  | 0 | 12   | 7                         | 43   | oi1                                | +61.7<br>(0.6, MeOH, 23)                                   |            |  |                   |                 |               | 0.534                     |

a and b represent disstereoisomers of the compound, A: KBr disk, B; nujol mull, C; neat.

EtoAc-CHCl\_AcOH (10:5:3).

CHCl\_EtOH-AcOH (10:2:1).

EtoAc-CHCl\_AcOH (7:5:1).

\*1

Table-continued

| i                     |   | 1                       |                                     |  |                      |                               |                                   |                      |                      |                     |                       |                       |                           |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Rf #2                 | value <sup>*</sup><br>(SiO <sub>2</sub> ) | 0.31                    | 0.43                                | 0.47   | 0.50                 | 0.52                          | 0.55                              | 0.56                 | 0.57                 | 0.57                | 0.57                  | 0.514                 | 0.57                      |
|                       |   | 1710, 1665, 1412,       | 3300, 1700, 1622, 1595,<br>760, 723 | 3300, 1710, 1620, 1595,<br>1280, 1095, 895, 850, 760 |                      | 1620, 1600,<br>1172, 950, 760 | 1600,<br>1090,                    | 1525, 1405,<br>735   | 1533,<br>728         | 1587,               | 1590,                 |                       | 1526,                     |
| trum                  | cm-1                                      | 1665,                   | 1622,                               | 1620,<br>895,  |                      | 1710, 1620,<br>1235, 1172,    | 1620,<br>1173,                    | 1525,<br>735         | 1620,<br>1190,       | 1625,<br>756        | 1610,<br>775          |                       | 1580, 1526,<br>745        |
| IR spectrum           | ช   |                         | 1700,                               | 1710,  |                      | 3220, 1710,<br>1415, 1235,    | 1705, 1620,<br>1235, 1173,<br>160 | 1615,<br>1095,       | 1663,<br>1240,       | 1660,               | 1655,                 |                       | 1660,<br>1050,            |
| I                     | 1g*1                                      | 2225,<br>1258           | 3300, 17<br>760, 723                | 3300,  |                      | 3220,<br>1415,                | 3220, 17<br>1415, 12<br>830, 760  | 1710,                | 1735,<br>1352,       | 1730,               | 1730,<br>1243,        |                       | 1720,<br>1240,            |
|                       | Sampling<br>method                        | æ                       | æ                                   | Ø  |                      | <b>s</b>                      | æ                                 | oʻ                   | U                    | ပ                   | ن                     |                       | «                         |
|                       | <b>①</b>                                  | 24)                     | 24)                                 | 25)  | 24)                  | 27)                           | 26)                               | 27)                  | 23)                  | 23)                 | 23)                   | 23)                   | 23)                       |
| (α) <sub>D</sub> deg. | (c, solv.,                                | +137.7<br>(1.0, NeOH,   | +115.6<br>(1.0, MeOH,               | +128.6<br>(0.5, MeOH,                                | +80.5<br>(1.0, MeOH, | +134.1<br>(0.5, MeOH,         | +70.9<br>(0.5, MeOH,              | +72.1<br>(0.4, MeOH, | +72.8<br>(1.0, MeOH, | +69.9 + (0.5, Mach, | +63.4<br>(0.5, MeOII, | +57.9<br>(0.8, MeOil, | +108.3<br>(0.5, MeOH,     |
| (°C)                  | (Recrystn.<br>solvent)                    | 190-191<br>(Etoac-Meoh) | amorph.                             | 158-159 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)                            | of 1                 | 155-157 (dec.)<br>(RtOAc)     | 153-154 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)         | oil                  | ofl                  | oil                 | oil                   | oil                   | amorph.                   |
| Yleld                 | 3   | 59                      | . 62                                | 09   | 33                   | 19                            | 63                                | 45                   | 79                   | 53                  | 20                    |                       | 45                        |
| Method                | Examp.                                    | ហ                       | -                                   | -  | <b>ત</b>             | <b>-</b>                      | <b>ન</b> .                        | ı                    | <b>u</b>             | 7                   | <del>i</del>          | ٦                     | <b>н</b> .                |
| 1                     | 4   | æ                       | 4                                   | S  | 9                    | 9                             | 7                                 | 7                    | 7                    | 7                   | 7                     | 2                     | 7                         |
| 1                     | 3   | 0                       | 0                                   | 0  | •                    | •                             | •                                 | •                    | 0                    | 0                   | 0                     | 0                     | • .                       |
| ۳                     | <b>.</b>                                  | ₹                       | ₹.                                  | 푱  | ₹                    | ₹                             | ₹                                 | ₹                    | oet<br>t             | ₹                   | Ħ<br>Ö                | 퓽                     | ₹                         |
| ۳,                    | -   | 8                       | 8                                   | 용  | 푱                    | ₹                             | 푱                                 | 용                    | 픙                    | ₹                   | ₹                     | ₹                     | ₽                         |
| ٦.                    | -   | 4-CN                    | 2-OH                                | 2-OH   | <b>Z</b>             | 2-0H                          | 2-OH                              | 3-NO <sub>2</sub>    | 3-NO <sub>2</sub>    | 2-F                 | 3-F                   | 4-F                   | 2-C1<br>5-NO <sub>2</sub> |
| Compd                 | Š.  | 16                      | 11                                  | 18   | 19                   | 20                            | 21                                | 22                   | 23                   | 24                  | 25                    | 26                    | 27                        |

Table-continued

Table-continued

| Compd. | ۴,                | c          | Method<br>of .<br>prepn. | Yield | mp (°C)                         | [a]D deg.                             |                        |                       | IR spé  | IR spectrum |       | •                                    | Rf                        |
|--------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------|-------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
|        |                   |            | (Examp.                  | 3     | solvent)                        | (a, solv., °C)                        | Sampling*1<br>method . | 1 .                   | :   | cm-1        | :     |                                      | value (S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
|        | 2-c1<br>5-No,     | ,          | 7                        | 67    | amorroh.                        | +167.9                                |                        | 1356                  |   |             |       |                                      |                           |
| 8      | ,                 |            |                          |       | 4                               | (0.5, MeCH, 23)                       |                        | 1047,                 | 740   | ,c/ct       | 1520, | 1047, 740<br>1047, 740               | 0.51                      |
| _      | 5-502NH2          | ~          | 8                        | . 75  | amorph.                         | +140.9<br>(0.6, McOH, 23)             | æ                      | 1725,<br>930          | 1620,   | 1595,       | 1310, | 1725, 1620, 1595, 1310, 1150,<br>930 | 0.424                     |
| 22     | 2-OH              | •          | 7                        | 68    | amorph.                         | +122.1<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)             | æ                      | 3300,<br>725          | 3300, 1730, 1628, 1575, 767,<br>725                         | 1628,       | 1575, | , 191                                | 0.45                      |
| 26     | 3-CN              | æ          | 8                        | 41    | anorph.                         | +104.6<br>(1.0, MeOH, 25)             | æ                      | 2245,                 | 2245, 1726, 1630, 1610, 790                                 | 1630,       | 1610, | 790                                  | 0.37                      |
|        | 3-NO <sub>2</sub> | <b>6</b> 0 | ra .                     | 2     | amorph.                         | +102.2<br>(0.5, MeCH, 25)             | ~                      | 1735,                 | 1735, 1620, 1523, 1190, 728                                 | 1523,       | 1190, | 728                                  | 0.47                      |
| 583    | 3-NO2             | <b>©</b>   | 4                        | 74    | amorph.                         | +93.9<br>(0.5, MeOH, 23)              | <                      | 1597,                 | 1597, 1520, 1269, 1096, 723                                 | 1269,       | 1096, | 723                                  |                           |
| 10     | 2-OH              | 70         | 71                       | 61    | 99-100.5 (dec.) (EtOAc-benzene) | +124.7<br>(0.5, NeOH, 27)             | a a                    | 3300,                 | 3300, 1740, 1620, 1600, 1565,<br>1230, 1160, 1090, 895, 770 | 1620,       | 1600, | 1565,                                | 0.49                      |
| 209    | 3-CN              | 2          | 4                        | 63    | 190-195<br>(H <sub>2</sub> 0)   | +109.3<br>(0.5, H <sub>2</sub> 0, 23) | w<br>E. L.             | 3400, 224<br>778, 720 | 3400, 2240, 1640, 1600, 1208,<br>778, 720                   | 1640,       | 1600, | 1208,                                |                           |
|        | 2- <b>0</b> ii    | 13         | ~                        |       | amorph.                         | +69.5<br>(1.0, MeCH, 24)              | B 7                    | 3300,                 | 3300, 1728, 1630, 1590, 762,<br>725                         | 1630,       | 1590, | 762,                                 | 0.45                      |
|        | 3-CN              | 12         | 4                        | 25    | amorph.                         | . +104.2<br>(0.5, MeOH, 23)           | а<br>С <i>С</i>        | 3400, 222<br>775, 720 | 3400, 2225, 1605, 1320, 1207, 775, 720                      | 1605,       | 1320, |                                      | 0.463                     |

1 A; KBr disk, B; nujol mull, C; neat.
2 EtoAc-CHCl3-AcOH (10:5:3).
3 EtoAc-CHCl3-AcOH (7:5:1).
4 CHCl3-MeOH3AcOH (3:1:1).
5 Disodium salt.
6 Dimethyl ester. 

| b. ·  |  |
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| No. 17  |  |
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Compound No. 38

Compound No. 33-37, 39-62

| CON                         |     |   |
|-----------------------------|-----|---|
| S NCO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) CON | -T. | • |

| Compd. |             |   | Method<br>of              | Yield | пр (°С)                              | · [a], dea.               |                      |               | IR spectrum    | strum   |              |   | RÉ #2                     |
|--------|-------------|---|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|---|--------------|---|---------------------------|
| Š      | F           | 5 | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | 3     | (Recrystn.<br>solvent)               | (c, solv., °C)            | Sampling*l<br>method | 141           |                | cm-1  |              |   | value (SiO <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 33     | 2-OH        | 4 | 7                         | 13    | 124-128<br>(Mach)                    | +182.2<br>(1.0, DMF, 24)  | æ                    | 3280,         | 1726,          | 3280, 1726, 1620, 1596, 775,                  | 1596,        | 775,  | 0.23                      |
| 34     | <b>2-0H</b> | S | 7                         | 67    | oil                                  | +106.1<br>(0.5, MacH, 26) | ပ                    | 1725,         | 1625,<br>1045, | 1725, 1625, 1600, 141<br>1095, 1045, 850, 765 | 1410,<br>765 | 1725, 1625, 1600, 1410, 1235,<br>1095, 1045, 850, 765 | 0.27                      |
| 35     | 3-NO2       | ល | 4                         | 69    | 111-113 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> 0) | +88.2<br>(0.5, MeOH, 25)  | <b>22</b>            | 1635,<br>730  | 1585,          | 1520,   | 1355         | 1635, 1585, 1520, 1355 1095,<br>730                   | 0.28                      |
| 36     | 3-CN        | S | т                         | . 65  | 105-112<br>(H <sub>2</sub> 0)        | +115.0<br>(1.0, MeOH, 25) | <b>a</b> , ,         | 2270,<br>790  | 1735,          | 1640,   | 1610,        | 2270, 1735, 1640, 1610, 1195,<br>790                  | 0.33                      |
| 37     | 4-CN        | S | м.                        | 52    | amorph.                              | +148.2<br>(0.9, MeOH, 25) | m                    | <b>2255</b> , | 1731,          | 2255, 1731, 1655, 1620, 785                   | 1620,        | 785   | 0.32                      |
| 36     |             | 9 | 7                         | 11    | 110                                  | -124.5<br>(0.5, MeOH, 26) | ပ                    | 1720,<br>880  | 1580,          | 1720, 1580, 1410, 1180, 1015,<br>880          | 1180,        | 1015,   | 60.0                      |
| 39     | x           | 9 | . ~                       | 79    | amorph.                              | +97.4<br>(1.0, MeOil, 24) | sa,                  | 1720,         | 1625,          | 1720, 1625, 1585, 732                         | 732          |   | 0.42                      |

S NCO-W-CON S

Compound No. 69-71

Compound No. 63-68

| Rf 12                 | value<br>(SiO <sub>2</sub> ) | 0.383                   | 0.244  | 0.553  | 0.28  | 0.42   | 0.31  | 0.383  |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| trum                  | cm-1                         | 1743, 1720, 1630, 1600, | 1300, 1726, 1640, 1453,<br>234, 1142         | 3400, 1702, 1618, 1525, 1400, 1347                         | 3320, 1750, 1710, 1625,<br>1595, 1235, 1110, 855,<br>770                  | 3360, 1710, 1627, 1599,<br>1435, 1235, 1099, 852,<br>763 | 3300, 1715, 1627, 1590,<br>760                                    | , 1640, 1525,  |
| IR spectrum           |                              | 1743, 1720              | 3300, 1726,<br>1234, 1142                    | 3400, 1702   | 3320, 1750,<br>1595, 1235,<br>770   | 3360, 1710<br>1435, 1235<br>763                          | 3300, 1715<br>• 760   | 3425, 1730,<br>1400, 1350  |
|                       | Sampling*1<br>method         | æ                       | 4  | 4  | <b>G</b>  | æ  | Да  | . «  |
| [α] <sub>D</sub> Jeg. | (c, solv., °C)               | +149.2                  | (1.1, MeOH, 25)<br>+138.6<br>(1.1, MeOH, 25) | +81.7<br>(0.9, NeCH, 24)                                   | +147.6<br>(0.5, MaCH, 25)   | ) +136.4<br>(0.5, MeOH, 27)                              | +78.1<br>(1.0, MeCH, 24)  | +106.9<br>(1.1, MeOH, 24)  |
| (°C)                  | (Kecrystn.<br>Bolvent)       | amorph.                 | amorph.                                      | amorph.  | 136-137<br>(Etoac)  | 159-160 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)                                | amorph.   | amorph,  |
| Yield                 | 3                            | 31                      | 35   | 36   | 33  | 40   | 35  | 44   |
| Me thod<br>of         | Examp.                       | s                       | -  | -  |   | 7  | 7   | 8  |
| ٠:                    | E                            | 2-он -си2сосн (сосн3) - | 2-он -сн <sub>2</sub> -0-сн <sub>2</sub> -   | 3-NO <sub>2</sub> +CH <sub>2</sub> }(○)+CH <sub>2</sub> }2 | 2-011 (CH <sub>2</sub> 1 <del>2</del> 0-(CH <sub>2</sub> 1 <del>2</del> - | 2-011 (CH <sub>2</sub> 1/2 S-(CH <sub>2</sub> 1/2-       | 2-cm (ch <sub>2</sub> ) s-(ch <sub>2</sub> ) s-(ch <sub>2</sub> ) | 3-NO <sub>2</sub> +CH <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (O)+CH <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> |
| ٦.                    | •                            | 2-он                    | 2-OH   | 3-NO <sub>2</sub>  | 2-01  | 2-011  | 2-OH  | 3-NO2  |
| Compd. "1             | ġ.                           | 63                      | 64   | 65   | 99  | 67   | 89  | 69   |

Table I

Table-continued

| ,      |          |  | Method<br>of              | 7    | (D.) da                | المولد الم)               |                       | IR 5                   | IR spectrum                                     | •         | Rf #2               |
|--------|----------|--|---------------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------|
| Compd. | Compd. T | 3  | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) |      | (Recrystn.<br>solvent) | (c, solv., °C)            | *Sampling*1<br>method | <b>.</b>               | cm-1  |           | (510 <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 70     | . 2-ОН   | 70 2-0H 4CH212-0-4CH212                    | 7                         | 43   | amorph.                | +83.0 -                   | B 1.                  | 720, 1625<br>io, 760   | 1720, 1625, 1600, 1230, 1090,<br>850, 760       | 30, 1090, | 0.15                |
| ıı     | 2-OH     | 2-он tcH <sub>2</sub> ½s+сH <sub>2</sub> ½ | . ~                       | . 53 | amorph.                | +129.3<br>(0.5, MeCH, 27) | 17. B                 | 720, 1620<br>193, 852, | 1720, 1620, 1600, 1420, 1230,<br>1093, 852, 763 | 20, 1230, | 0.30                |

A; KBr dlsk, B; nujol mull. EtoAc-CHCl<sub>3</sub>-AcOi (10:5:3). EtOAc-EtOil-AcOH (40:1:1). CHCl<sub>3</sub>-EtOil-AcOH (10:2:1).

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

NCOCH-S-CHCO

Compound No. 77-80

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| Compd | Compd. T4  | ٦.                                   | 7 <sub>6</sub>                                     | , t        | Method<br>of<br>prepn. | Yield | mp (°C)            | lα] <sub>D</sub> deg.     |        |                      | IR spectrum                       | mn   | Rf +2                     |
|-------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| 2     |            |                                      |  |            | (Examp.                | 3     | solvent)           | (c, solv., *C)            | Sampli | Sampling*1<br>method | cm-1                              | -1   | value (S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 72a   | ×          | Н                                    | đ.   | =          | 10                     | 38    | 151-153<br>(Etoac) | +8.6<br>(1.0, MeOH, 23)   | R      | 3030,                | 1150, 172                         | 3030, 1737, 1720, 1615, 1413, 1215, 1413,        | 0.263                     |
| 72b   | 72b H      | <b>ਦ</b><br>ਲ                        | ч.   | <b>=</b>   | 10                     | 49    | 011                | -161.5<br>(1.0, MeOH, 23) | ပ      | 1735,                | 1623, 141<br>699                  | 1735, 1623, 1413, 1243, 1170,<br>1043, 699       | 0.223                     |
| 73    |            | z                                    | Cii <sub>2</sub> Ch <sub>2</sub> Fh H              | H          | 10                     | 81    | amorph.            | +122.1<br>(1.2, MeOH, 25) | ∢      | 1720-                | 1720-1710, 1625<br>1235, 752, 698 | 1720-1710, 1625, 1600, 1400,<br>1235, 752, 698   | 0.74                      |
| 74    | <b>=</b>   | <b>ਰ</b>                             | CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | <b>x</b>   | .10                    | 52    | amorph.            | -97.9<br>(1.1, MeOH, 25)  | «      | 1720,                | 1620, 141                         | 1720, 1620, 1415, 750, 700                       | 0.65                      |
| 75a   | I          | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph                   | <b>=</b>   | <b>x</b>   | 70                     | 37    | oil                | -52.2<br>(1.2, MeOH, 25)  | υ      | 1720,                | 1620, 142                         | 1720, 1620, 1422, 1217, 756                      | 0.134                     |
| 75b   | I          | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph                   | ×  | =          | 10                     | 46    | 011                | -60.4<br>(1.0, MeOH, 25)  | υ      | 1722,                | 1620, 142                         | 1722, 1620, 1420, 1215, 755                      | 0.134                     |
| 9/    | <b>x</b> . | CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph H | Ŧ  | <b>x</b> . | 10                     | 8     | 011                | -61.2<br>(1.3, MeOH, 24)  | ů ·    | 1735,                | 1630, 1619<br>1043, 702           | 1735, 1630, 1615, 1420, 1242,<br>1172, 1043, 702 | 99.0                      |

Table IV

Table-continued

| + # 6 | u   | ų  | -       | Method<br>of              | ۷ نوام | mp (C.)                | (a) dea.                  |          | ı                                 | IR S   | IR spectrum  |                 |              | Rf +2                     |
|-------|-----|--|---------|---------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| No.   | - L | 2  | ,<br>F4 | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | 3      | (Recrystn.<br>solvent) | (c, solv., °C)            | 6        | Sampling <sup>♠</sup> 1<br>method |  | Cm-1         | 7               |              | value (S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 11    | æ   | COPh   | 頭       | 15                        | 36     | 011                    | -46.2<br>(0.8, MeOH, 30)  | <u>o</u> | C 1733,                           | 1733, 1678, 1632, 1610, 1447,<br>1258, 1187, 1025, 1001, 751 | 1632,        | 1610,           | 1447,<br>751 | 0.323                     |
| 78    | x   | CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph                 | =       | 15                        | 46     | 011                    | -48.4<br>(1.1, MeOH, 26)  | (9)      | c 1730,                           | 1730, 1610, 1450, 1240, 1190,<br>750, 703                    | 1450,        | 1240,           | 1190,        | 0.72                      |
| 61    | 5   | сн <sub>3</sub> сн <sub>2</sub> сн <sub>2</sub> Рћ | ×       | 15                        | 62     | amorph.                | -82.2<br>(1.2, MeOH, 23)  | 33       | A 1740                            | 1740, 1720, 1610, 1455, 1438,<br>1185, 748, 700              | 1610,<br>700 | 1455,           | 1438,        | 0.38                      |
| 90    | ×   | COCH   | N<br>T  | 15                        | 45     | oll:                   | -49.6<br>(0.9, Mechi, 30) | ,<br>(0) | C 1736<br>1250                    | 1736, 1597, 1398, 1378, 1333,<br>1250, 1191, 1047, 860, 752  | 1398,        | 1378,<br>860, 7 | 1333,        | 0.293                     |

a and b represent diastereoisomers of the compound. A: KBr disk, C: neat. Etok-CHCl3-AcGH (10:5:3). Benzene-Etok-EtOH-AcGH (14:14:2:1). Benzene-Etok-AcGH (25:25:1). CHCl3-EtOH-AcGH (10:2:1)

1742, 1640, . 1442, 1190, 1130, 752

-52.2 (1.1, MeOH, 24)

85

011

quant.

13

Et Cil2CO2Et -CH2-

98 .

Tabl. V

| $ \begin{array}{c} co_2 r^{10} \\  \downarrow \\  $ |   |
|---|---|
| $(C_2^{\text{CO}_2^{\text{T}^{10}}})$ $(C_2^{\text{CO}_2^{\text{H}^{-10}}})$ $(C_1^{\text{CO}_2^{\text{H}^{-10}}})$                           | • |
| $\begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{T}^{10} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{NCOCH}_2^{-\text{N}} \text{T}^9 - \text{CO}_2\text{T}^7 \end{array}$          |   |

Compound No. 86-98, 100-102

Compound No. 81-85

Compound No. 99

| Rf                    | (\$10                     |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| IR spectrum .         | Sampling cm _1            |  |
| [α] <sub>D</sub> deg. | (c, solv., *C)            |  |
|                       | ) (Mecrystn.<br>solvent)  |  |
|                       | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) |  |
| 01                    | <b>4</b>                  |  |
| 8 7                   | +                         |  |
|                       | :                         |  |

| + pomo | 4                               | 7        | œ        | œ                  | 70 | of                        | Yield | (O.) du                                   | fals dea.                   | IR                 | IR spectrum .                                       | Rf             |
|--------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|----|---------------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|----------------|
| No.    | F                               | <b>.</b> | f        | T                  | H  | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | 3     |   | (c, solv., °C)              | Sampling<br>method | g cm <sup>-1</sup>                                  | (\$102)        |
| 81     | -€                              | ×        | н        | -сн <sub>2</sub> - | н  | п                         | 48.2  | 48.2 181-182 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> O) | +271.2<br>(0.5, N NAOH; 24) | æ                  | 3400, 3200,<br>1740, 1672,<br>1560, 1440.           | 0.25           |
| 82     | -(0)                            | I        | I        | -d <sub>2</sub> -  | æ  | a                         | 32.8  | 32.8 150-155<br>/H O)                     | +94.7                       | æ                  | 1380, 1335,<br>1210, 752<br>3420, 3210,             | 0.45           |
| 83     | ₹<br>\                          | I        | <b>=</b> | 0                  | I  | Ħ                         | 44.8  | ("2")<br>150-153 (dec.)<br>(EtOH-ether)   | +86.5<br>(0.4. MeOH. 26)    | 4                  | 839, 790<br>3370-2900,<br>1655, 1602                | 0.744          |
| 84     | *<br>•                          | x        | <b>=</b> | · 🔍                | ×  | 11                        | 50.3: | 50.3: 172-173 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)           | +78.9<br>(0.8, MaCH, 25)    | 4                  | 1175<br>3350, 1720,<br>1670, 1644,                  | 0.69           |
| 82     | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | ×        | =        | CH2CH2Ph H         | =  | 11                        | 27.2  | 174-175 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> 0)      |                             | 4                  | 1636, 744<br>3400, 1720, 1660,<br>1610, 1492, 1452, | 1660,<br>1452, |
| }      | <b>〉</b> :                      | i        |          |                    | :  |                           |       | :   |                             |                    | 1:40, /32, /00                                      | 00             |

Table-continued

| Compd.         | ₹.       | ., .,8   | 6  | 10                 | of                        | Yield  | (O.) du   | נמן קשם                      |     | IR spectrum                           |               | Rf                           |
|----------------|----------|--|--|--------------------|---------------------------|--------|---|------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| . 02           | <b>.</b> |  | <b>F</b> •   | F                  | prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | 3      | (Recrystn.<br>solvent)                          | (c, solv., °C)               |     | Sampling cm <sup>-1</sup>             | 1             | value<br>(SiO <sub>2</sub> ) |
| 87             | z.       | н сн <sub>2</sub> со <sub>2</sub> н                        | -сн <sub>2</sub> -   | z.                 | 7                         | 56     | amorph.   | -32.8<br>(1.0, MeOII, 24)    | g ( | 3400, 1720,<br>1460, 1380             | 1640,         | 0.10                         |
| 88             | <u> </u> | Et CH2CO2Et  | -c <sub>4</sub> -(   | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | 12                        | 45.2   | oil ·   | -67.9<br>(1.2, MeOH, 24)     | v   | 3460, 1742,<br>1428, 1180             | 1642,         | 0.70                         |
| . <b>e</b> 69  | <b>=</b> | ×  | 9.0  | <b>x</b>           | 16                        | 33     | 216-218 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> O)            | -141.1<br>(0.3, MeCH, 23)    | m   | 1743,                                 | 1550,         | 0.20                         |
| <b>968</b>     | =        | 100 S  | Q.   | æ                  | 16                        | 45     | 218-226 (dec.)<br>(H <sub>2</sub> 0)            | +1.5<br>(0.5, MeOII, 23)     | 83  | 1610,<br>742                          | 1575,         | 0.20                         |
| 06             | ±        | Et COCH <sub>2</sub> Ph                                    | -ْچ-<br>2-   | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | **                        | 68     | 110-110.5 -114.0 (benzene-n-hexane) (1.0, MeOH, | -114.0<br>3) (1.0, McOH, 24) |     | 3460, 1739,<br>1436, 1200,            | 1635,<br>1166 | 9.457                        |
| -<br>6<br>47 - | . =      | Et COCH <sub>2</sub> Ph                                    | -CH <sub>2</sub> -   | ×                  | 13                        | quant. | oil   | -99.7<br>(1.1, MeOII, 23)    | ٥   | 1743, 1640,                           | 1445,         | 0.355                        |
| 95             | I        | 1 COCH <sub>2</sub> Ph                                     | -ਯ <sub>2</sub> -  | ×                  | 7                         | 83     | 205-206<br>(Etoac-Meoh)                         | -123.5<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)    | 4   | 3430, 1727,<br>1598, 1426,            | 1635,         | 0.38                         |
| 93             | ω<br>I   | Et CO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Ph                    | -œ <sub>2</sub> -  | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | 14                        | 93     | oil   | -93.2<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)     | U,  | 1655,                                 | 1647,         | 0.517                        |
| 94             | ×        | Et CO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Ph -CH <sub>2</sub> - | -CH <sub>2</sub> -   | ×                  | 13                        | quant. | oil   | -94.7<br>(1.2, MeOH, 23)     | Ω   | 1746, 1642,                           | 1449,         | 0.385                        |
| 1 56           | x<br>x   | н со(сн <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Ph -сн <sub>2</sub> -  | -CH <sub>2</sub> -   | <b>.</b>           | 7                         | 96     | amorph.   | -104.3<br>(1.0, MeOH, 24)    | 4   | 3440, 1735, 3<br>1450, 1185           | 1610,         | 0.458                        |
| 1 96           | H<br>T   | Et CH <sub>2</sub> Ph                                      | -CII <sub>2</sub> -  | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | 12                        | 46     |   | -66.0<br>- (1.2, MaCil, 25)  | Q   | 1639,<br>1185                         | 1450,         | 0.577                        |
|                | x<br>z   |  | -CH <sub>2</sub> -   | z                  | 7                         | 87     | amorph.   | -59.0<br>(1.1, MeOH, 25)     | 4   | _                                     | 1638,         | 0.172                        |
| 1 86           | <i>=</i> | H COCH 3   | CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph H<br>-CHCO <sub>2</sub> H | ×                  | 14                        | 62     | 195-196 (dec.)<br>(EtOAc)                       |                              | m.  | 1758, 1720, 1<br>1600, 1380, 7<br>700 | 1615,<br>750, |                              |

Table-continued

;

| Compd. | <b>4</b> T | T      |   | O <sub>E</sub>      | T.10               | Method<br>of<br>prepn.<br>(Examp.<br>No.) | Yield<br>(v) | <pre>mp (*C) (Recrystn. solvent)</pre> | (a) deg.                 | IR s<br>Sampling | IR spectrum                               | Rf<br>- value<br>(S10 <sub>2</sub> ) |
|--------|------------|--------|---|---------------------|--------------------|---|--------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 99,11  |            | Ŧ      | СН 2 СН РЪ Н<br>  -СНСО 2 Н             | =                   | ×                  | 16  | 24           | anorph.                                |                          | as a             | 3425, 1735,<br>1625, 1588                 | 0.682                                |
|        | ×          | R<br>t | 8 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x | N-CH <sub>2</sub> - | CH <sub>2</sub> Ph | 14  | 37           | 011                                    | -46.9 '                  | υ                | 1740, 1642,<br>1453, 1425,<br>1170, 740   | 0.20                                 |
| 101    | ×          | Et     | 8 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N |                     | x.                 | ជ   | 06           | 011                                    | -35.9<br>(0.5, MeOH, 23) |                  |   | 0.252                                |
| . 701  | ×          | ±      | 8 2 5 X                                 | - 2<br>- 2<br>- 2   | ×                  | •   | 06           | 228-230 (dec.)<br>(MeOH)               | -33.9<br>(0.4, MeOH, 23) | æ                | 3450, 1720,<br>1610, 1305,<br>1228, 1200, | 0.3410                               |

A: KBr disk, B: nujol mull, C; Neat, D; liquid cell (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), n-BuOi-AcOi-H<sub>2</sub>O (4:2:1).
n-BuOi-AcOH-H<sub>2</sub>O (4:1:2).
EtOAC-CHCl<sub>3</sub>-AcOH (10:5:3).
EtCAC-EtOi-AcOH (40:1:1). a and b represent diastereoisomers of the compound.

Et OAC-CHC1 - ACOH (7:5:1), Denzene-Et OAC-ACOH (25:25:1),

CIIC1 -EtOII-AcOH (10:2:1). EtoAc

8. 9. 01. 11.

n-Propanol-28% ag. NN<sub>13</sub> (7:3). Starting material: 1-(chloroacetyl)-5-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-pyrroliddinecarboxylic acid; mp 204-206°C (dec.), [α]<sup>24</sup> +24.5° (c<sup>m</sup>l.2, MeOH), IR (nujol, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3370, 1698, 1645, 1610, 1595, 1238, 758.

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### 1 PHARMACOLOGICAL TEST 1

It has been known that aldose reductase participates in diabetic cataract which is one of the diabetic complications and that appearance is retarded or depressed by inhibition of the aldose reductase [Acta Societatis Ophthalmologicae Japonicae, 80, 1362 (1976)]. The following method is used for the present test.

#### (Method)

5

10 Aldose reductase is purified from rat lenses according to the method of Hoyman et al. [J. Biol. Chem., 240, 877 (1965)]. Action of the compounds (I) of this invention is evaluated by measurement of optical density according to the J.H. Kinoshita's method [Invest. Ophthal., 13, 713 (1974)]. The reaction mixture for the measurement of the aldose reductase activity is 3.0ml [0.007M phosphate buffer solution (pH 6.2), 0.46M lithium sulfate, 5 x 10<sup>-5</sup>M NADPH, 4 x 10<sup>-4</sup>M DL glyceraldehyde, 10U aldose reductase, 10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-10</sup>M the compounds (I)] as total volume, and the absorbance thereof is measured at 340nm.

#### (Result)

Table VI shows that the compounds (I) of this in25 vention have a strong aldose reductase inhibition effect.

1 Table VI. Inhibitory Activity of the Thiazolidine 'Compounds against Aldose Reductase

| 5    | Compd.<br>No.         | IC <sub>50</sub> (M)*1 |
|------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 3    | 22                    | $8.2 \times 10^{-10}$  |
|      | 23                    | $1.1 \times 10^{-8}$   |
|      | 47                    | $1.6 \times 10^{-10}$  |
|      | 56                    | $1.7 \times 10^{-9}$   |
| 10 ` | 57                    | $5.4 \times 10^{-9}$   |
|      | Control <sup>*2</sup> | $1.0 \times 10^{-7}$   |

<sup>\*1</sup> Molar concentration of a compound producing 50% inhibition of aldose reductase.

\*2 Quercitrin: referred to Acta Societatis
Ophthalmologicae Japonicae, 80, 1369-1370 (1976).

# PHARMACOLOGICAL TEST 2

As the method of measurement of angiotensin I
converting enzyme activity, bioassay for the contractile
response of isolated smooth muscle or the pressor response of normal animals and biochemical assay for the
enzyme isolated from lung or other organs of animals
are known. The former is found more advantageous than
the latter for the examination of the convertion of
angiotensin I to angiotensin II in vivo.

In the present study, therefore, we adopted the bioassay for contractile response of isolated guinea pig ileum to angiotensin I.

## 5 (Method)

25

Isolated guinea pig ileum was suspended in the organ bath containing 20ml of Tyrode's solution of 30°C gassed with 95% O<sub>2</sub> + 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. The contraction induced by the addition of angiotensin I (0.1µg/ml) at intervals of 10 minutes was recorded on a recticorder (Nihon Koden) for 90 seconds using FD pick up (ST-1T-H, Nihon Koden)

The test compounds were added to the bath 5 minutes before the addition of angiotensin I.

The inhibitory activity of angiotensin I-converting enzyme was calculated by the following formula.

$$\frac{A - B}{A} \times 100$$

A: contractile intensity of angiotensin I before addition of the compound

B: contractile intensity of angiotensin I after addition of the compound

From the fact that kininase II, which destroys bradykinin having contractive action on isolated guinea pig ileum, is thought to be identical with angiotensin I-converting enzyme augmentation of the contractile response to bradykinin by test compounds was examined

by using bradykinin (0.005µg/ml) in place of angiotensin I according to the above mentioned method.

(Result)

Concentration of a number of the compounds of this invention, which produced 50% inhibition of angiotensin I activity or augmentation of bradykinin activity inducing the contraction of guinea pig ileum, fell in the range of  $10^{-7} \sim 10^{-9} M$ .

# 10 PHARMACOLOGICAL TEST 3

The activity of angiotensin I-converting enzyme was measured by spectrophotometry according to the method of D.W. Cushman and H.S. Cheung [Biochem. Pharmacol., 20, 1637 (1971)]. That is, the absorbance of hippuric acid was measured, which is liberated by incubating hippuryl-L-histidyl-L-leucine (HHL) as substrate in the presence of angiotensin I-converting enzyme extracted from rabbit lung.

#### 20 (Method)

The reaction mixture is as follows:

100mM phosphate buffer (pH 8.3)

300mM sodium chloride

5mM HHL

25  $10^{-3} \sim 10^{-9} M$  enzyme inhibitor 5mU enzyme 1 0.25ml of the above mixture was incubated at 37°C for 30 minutes and the reaction was stopped by adding 0.25ml of 1 N hydrochloric acid. To this solution, 1.5ml of ethyl acetate was added in order to extract hippuric acid. 1.0ml of ethyl acetate layer was collected and evaporated to dryness, and the residue obtained was dissolved in 1.0ml of water. The absorbance of this solution was measured at 228nm.

The inhibitory activity of angiotensin I-converting 10 enzyme was calculated by the following formula:

Percent inhibition =  $\frac{A - B}{A} \times 100$ 

A: absorbance of reaction solution before addition of the compound

B: absorbance of reaction solution after addition of the compound

Concentration of compound producing 50% inhibition of angiotensin I-converting enzyme ( $IC_{50}$ )

The solution containing compounds at the concentra-20 tion of  $1 \times 10^{-3} \text{M}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-9} \text{M}$  was incubated and percent inhibition at each concentration was calculated according to the above formula, and then  $IC_{50}$ , concentration of the compound producing 50% inhibition of the enzyme activity, was determined.

25 (Result)

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 ${\rm IC}_{50}$  of a number of the compounds of this invention,

fell in the range of  $10^{-7} \sim 10^{-10} \text{M}_{\odot}$ 

## TOXICITY TEST

The acute toxicity of compounds 47 and 56 is  $1000 \sim 1500 \text{mg/kg}$ .

## (Experimental animals)

The male ddy-std. strain mice (4 weeks of age, weighing 19-21g) were placed in a breeding room of constant temperature and humidity (23+1°C, 55+5%) and fed freely pellet diet (CE-2, Clea Japan, Inc.) and water ad. libitum for a week. The mice showing the normal growth were selected for the experiment.

## 15 (Method of administration)

Test compounds are dissolved in distilled water and administered (i.v.) in a dose of 0.5ml/20g body weight.

It is found in the above pharmacological and toxicity test that the compounds (I) of this invention are useful as drugs for therapy or prophylaxis of the diabetic complications and as antihypertensive agents.

In case the compounds are used for preventing or relieving diabetic complications, the dosage forms are tablet, capsule, granule, powder, suppository, injection, ophthalmic solution, ophthalmic ointment, etc. These preparations can also contain general excipients.

- On the other hand, in case the compounds are used 1 for reducing blood pressure, they can be given with the combination of diuretics such as probenecid, carinamide, hydroflumethiazide, furosemide, and bumetanide same as other antihypertensive agents. The compounds can be 5 administered either orally or parenterally. The dosage forms are tablet, capsule, granule, powder, suppository, injection, etc. In the treatment of hypertension, these preparations can contain not only general excipients but also other antihypertensive agents such as reserpine, 10  $\alpha$ -methyldopa, guanethidine, clonidine, hydralazine, etc., or  $\beta$ -adrenergic blocking agents such as propranolol, alprenolol, pindolol, bufetolol, bupranolol, bunitrolol, practolol, oxprenolol, indenolol, timolol, bunolol, etc.
- The dose is adjusted depending on symptom, dosage form, etc. But, usual daily dosage is 1 to 5000mg, preferably 10 to 1000mg, in one or a few divided doses.

## EXAMPLES OF FORMULATION

#### 20 (1) Oral drug

#### (a) tablet

|    | compound 13                    | 50mg  |
|----|--------------------------------|-------|
|    | lactose                        | 120mg |
|    | crystalline cellulose          | 60mg  |
| 25 | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg   |
|    | magnesium stearate             | 3mg   |
|    | Total                          | 240mg |

|          | _                              |                  |
|----------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 1        | compound 22                    | 100mg'           |
|          | lactose                        | 95mg             |
|          | crystalline cellulose          | 45mg             |
|          | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg              |
| <b>5</b> | magnesium stearate             | 3mg <sup>°</sup> |
|          | Total                          | 240mg            |
|          | compound 23                    | 150mg            |
| 10       | lactose                        | 60mg             |
| 10       | crystalline cellulose          | 30mg             |
|          | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg              |
|          | magnesium stearate             | 3mg              |
|          | Total                          | 250mg            |
| 15       |                                |                  |
|          | compound 56                    | 150mg            |
|          | lactose                        | 60mg             |
|          | crystalline cellulose          | 30mg             |
| -        | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg              |
| 20       | magnesium stearate             | 3mg              |
|          | Total                          | 250mg            |
|          | compound 74                    | 150mg            |
|          | lactose                        | 60mg             |
| 25       | crystalline cellulose          | 30mg             |
|          | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg              |

| 1  | magnesium stearate             | 3mg,  |
|----|--------------------------------|-------|
|    | Total                          | 250mg |
|    | compound 88                    | 150mg |
| 5  | lactose                        | 60mg  |
|    | crystalline cellulose          | 30mg  |
|    | calcium carboxymethylcellulose | 7mg   |
|    | magnesium stearate             | 3mg   |
| 10 | Total                          | 250mg |

The tablets may be treated with common film-coating and further with sugar-coating.

| 16 | (b) | granule                |       |
|----|-----|------------------------|-------|
| 15 |     | compound 13            | 30mg  |
|    |     | polyvinylpyrrolidone   | 25mg  |
|    |     | lactose ·              | 385mg |
|    |     | hydromypropylcellulose | 50mg  |
| 20 |     | talc                   | 10mg  |
| 20 |     | Total                  | 500mg |
|    |     | compound 22            | 30mg  |
|    |     | polyvinylpyrrolidone   | 25mg  |
| 25 |     | lactose                | 385mg |
|    |     | hydroxypropylcellulose | 50mg  |

| 1  | -   | talc                   | 1 0 mg, |
|----|-----|------------------------|---------|
|    |     | Total                  | 500mg   |
| 5  |     | compound 94            | 30mg    |
| ,  |     | polyvinylpyrrolidone   | 25mg    |
|    |     | lactose                | 385mg   |
|    |     | hydroxypropylcellulose | 50mg    |
|    |     | talc                   | 10mg    |
| 10 |     | Total                  | 500mg   |
|    | (6) | novdou                 | •       |
|    | (0) | powder                 |         |
|    |     | compound 13            | 250mg   |
|    |     | lactose                | 240mg   |
| 15 |     | starch                 | 480mg   |
|    |     | colloidal silica       | 30mg    |
|    |     | Total                  | 1000mg  |
|    |     | compound 65            | 300mg   |
| 20 |     | lactors                | 230mg   |
|    |     | starch                 | 440mg   |
|    |     | colloidal silica       | 30mg    |
|    |     | Total                  | 1000mg  |
| 25 |     | compound 79            | 300mg   |
|    |     | lactose                | 230mg   |

| 1            | starch                | 440mg    |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|
|              | colloidal silica      | 30mg     |
|              | Total                 | 1000mg   |
| 5            | compound 100          | 300mg    |
|              | lactose               | 230mg    |
|              | starch                | 440mg    |
|              | colloidal silica      | 30mg     |
| 10           | Total                 | 1000mg   |
| ` <b>(</b> ( | d) capsule            | . •      |
|              | compound 13           | 50mg     |
|              | lactose               | 102mg    |
| 15           | crystalline cellulose | 36mg     |
| , ,          | colloidal silica      | 2mg      |
|              | Total                 | 190mg    |
|              | compound 23           | 100mg    |
| 20           | lactose               | -52mg    |
|              | crystalline cellulose | 36mg     |
|              | colloidal silica      | . 2mg    |
| •            | Total                 | 190mg    |
| 25           | compound 74           | 200mg    |
|              | glycerin              | 179.98mg |

| ,1 | butyl p-hydroxybenzoate | 0.02mg     |    |
|----|-------------------------|------------|----|
|    | Total                   | 380mg      |    |
| 5  | compound 81             | 30mg       |    |
|    | glycerin                | 349.98mg · | ,  |
|    | butyl p-hydroxybenzoate | 0.02mg     |    |
|    | Total                   | 380mg      |    |
| 10 | compound 98             | 200mg ·    | .• |
|    | glycerin                | 179.98mg   |    |
|    | butyl p-hydroxybenzoate | 0.02mg     |    |
|    | Total                   | 380mg      |    |

# 15 (2) Injection

- (a) 1 to 30mg of compound 9B is contained in 1ml of the aqueous solution (pH 6.5-7.0).
- (b) 1 to 30mg of compound 73 is contained in 1ml of the aqueous solution (pH 6.5-7.0).
  - (3) Ophthalmic solution

The following composition is contained in 5ml of the aqueous solution (pH 6.0).

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Compound 23

50mg

| 1  |     | propyl p-hydroxybenzoate                       | 0.7mg               |
|----|-----|--|---------------------|
|    |     | methyl p-hydroxybenzoate                       | 1.3mg               |
|    |     | sodium hydroxide                               | proper quantity     |
| 5  | (4) | Ophthalmic ointment  The following composition | is contained in 1g. |
|    |     | compound 22                                    | 2Cmg                |
|    |     | white petrolatum                               | 889.8mg             |
| 10 |     | mineral oil                                    | 100mg :             |
|    |     | butyl p-hydroxybenzoate                        | 0.2mg -             |
|    | (5) | Suppository  The following composition         | is contained in 1g. |
| 15 |     |  |                     |
|    |     | compound 47                                    | 50mg                |
|    |     | polyethylens glycol 1000                       | 800mg               |
|    |     | polyethyler glycol 4000                        | 150mg               |
|    |     |  |                     |

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1. A compound of the formula [I]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
Q^{1} & Q^{2} \\
R^{A} & CO - R^{B}
\end{array}$$
[I]

wherein  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  each is methylone or sulfur, but  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  are not sulfur at the same time:

RA is Ra or Rb;

RB and RC each is RC;

W is 
$$\begin{pmatrix} R^1 \\ C \\ C \\ R^2 \end{pmatrix}_{I} \begin{pmatrix} R^3 \\ C \\ R^4 \end{pmatrix}_{m} \times \begin{pmatrix} R^5 \\ C \\ R^6 \end{pmatrix}_{n} \begin{pmatrix} R^7 \\ C \\ R^8 \end{pmatrix}_{p} \times \begin{pmatrix} R^9 \\ C \\ R^{10} \\ R^{10} \end{pmatrix}_{q} \begin{pmatrix} R^{11} \\ C \\ R^{12} \end{pmatrix}_{r} \times \begin{pmatrix} R^{13} \\ C \\ R^{14} \\ R^{16} \end{pmatrix}_{t}$$
, wherei

X,Y and Z each is single bond,  $-CH_2^-$ ,  $-C=C^-$ , -C

1, m, n, p, q, r, s and t each is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>,

R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> each is R<sup>d</sup>;

R<sup>23</sup>

 $R^{A}$  is  $R^{b}$  when W is -CH-NH-C- or -CH-(CH)=0, wherein  $R^{22}$ ,  $R^{24}=0$  or  $R^{25}=0$ , wherein  $R^{22}=0$ ,  $R^{24}=0$ 

 $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  each is  $R^d$ ;

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

- (i) hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower alkenyl, and
- (ii) lower alkyl and lower alkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,

- lower alkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto. acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carbo, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
- Rb is selected from the group consisting of

  (a) (i) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl, and

  (ii) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl, and (iii) carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl and heteroaryloxycarbonyl;
- (b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and
  (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino-sulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
  - (c) (i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and

    (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower

alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

1 R<sup>C</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

- (a) (i) hydroxy, lower alkoxy and amino, and
- (ii) lower alkoxy and amino substituted by at least one substituen selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl, heteroaralkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, acyloxy, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted aralkyl and substituted aryl wherein the substituent is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen or amino;
  - (b)(i) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy, and
- (ii) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen and amino, and

CO-RB

Q1
NR

15 R<sup>d</sup> is selected from the group consisting of
(a)(i) hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy,
carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo, and
(ii) lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl,

- arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkanyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, guanidino, mercapto, acylamino, acylmercapto, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, halogen, nitro, cyano, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio and lower alkylsulfinyl;
- (b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent

- selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy,
  lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hvdroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro,
  cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl,
  halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl,
  sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl
  (c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
  - (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylene-dioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkyl-aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

and salts thereof.

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- 2. A compound of claim 1 wherein  $-Q^1-Q^2$  is  $-CH_2CH_2$ ,  $-SCH_2$  or  $-CH_2S$ .
- 3. A compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>a</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, cthyl, 1-methylethyl, propyl, 2-methylpropyl, butyl, 2,6-dimethyl-5-heptenyl, cyclohexyl, S-acetyl-2-mercaptoethyl or 2-mercaptoethyl.
- 4. A compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>b</sup> is benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, 4-methylbenzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 2-hydroxybenzyl, 4hydroxybenzyl, 3-fluorobenzyl, 3-nitrobenzyl, 3-cyanobenzyl,
  2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl, 2-(4hydroxyphenyl)ethyl, 2-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl, 2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl, 2-(3-nitrophenyl)ethyl, 2-(3-cyanophenyl)ethyl, 2-pyridylmethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-furylmethyl, 2-(2pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-furyl)ethyl, phenyl,
  4-methylphenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2-nitrophenyl,
  2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 2-nitrophenyl,

3-nitrophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 2-chloro-5-nitrophenyl, 4-dimethyl-

aminophenyl, 4-acetaminophenyl, 4-[(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino]chenyl,
2-carboxyphenyl, 4-carboxyphenyl, 2-hydroxyphenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 3-benzoxyphenyl, 4-(benzyloxycarbonyloxy)phenyl, 3,4-dihydroxyphenyl, 5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl, 2-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl,
4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl, 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl, 2-cyanophenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 4-cvanophenyl, 2-nitrosophenyl, 3nitrosophenyl, 4-nitrosophenyl, 2-hydroxy-5-sulfamoylphenyl,
2-hydroxy-5-[(dipropylamino)sulfonyl)phenyl, 3-(methylsulfinyl)phenyl,
3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 2-(5-methyl)furyl,
2-thienyl, 3-pyridyl or 4-pyridyl.

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5. A compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>C</sup> is hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy, amino, hydroxyamino, succinimidomethoxy, 1-succinimidoethoxy, phthalimidomethoxy, 2-phthalimidoethoxy, pivaloyloxymethoxy, 1-pivaloyloxyethoxy, benzyloxy, phenoxy, benzyloxyamino or 2 RAC ROBE

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A compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>d</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl, 2-methylpropyl, 4-methylpentyl, vinyl, allyl, 2-butenyl, 1,3-butanedienyl, 1-methylvinyl, hydroxymethyl, carboxymethyl, 2-carboxyethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, benzyl, 2-phenylethyl. 3-phenylbutyl, 2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl, :-hydroxybenzyl, 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl, (2-pyridyl)methyl, (4-pyridyl)methyl, 2-(2-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, (4-imidazolyl)methyl, 3-indolylmethyl, 2-(methylthio)ethyl, 4-aminobutyl, 5-aminopentyl, 4-guanidinobutyl, 4-(aminomethyl)benzyl, phenoxymethyl, (phenylthio) methyl, l-amino-2-phenylethyl, l-amino-3-methylb.tyl phenyl, naphthyl, 4-methylphenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 2-nitrophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 2-chloro-5-nitrophenyl, 4-dimethylaminophenyl, 4-acetaminophenyl, 2-carboxyphenyl, 4-carboxyphenyl, 2-hydroxyphenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 3-benzcxyphenyl, 3,4-

dihydroxyphenyl, 5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 1 4-methoxyphenyl, 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl, 2-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-hydroxy-5-sulfamoylphenyl, 3-(methylsulfinyl) phenyl, 3-(difluoromethoxy) phenyl, 2-furyl, 2-(5methyl) furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-pyridyl or 4-pyridyl.

A compound of claim 1 wherein W is  $-CH - (CH_2)_{0-12} CH - (CH_2)_{$  $-\text{CH} + \text{CH}_{2} + \text{CH}_{$  $-\frac{\text{CH}-\text{CH}_{2}}{\text{R}^{1}} \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_{2}} \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_{2}}$ 

 $-CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} - CO - (CH_2)_{0-6} - CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} - (CH$  $-CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} O - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6} CH - , -CH - (CH_2)_{0-6} N - (CH_2)_{0-6$  $-\frac{\text{CH} + \text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{C} + \text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH} + \text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{11} 2^{\frac{1}{0} - 6} \frac{\text{CH}}{116}, \quad -\frac{\text{CH}}{116} 2^{\frac{1}{0$ 

 $-CH - (CH_2)_{0-4} S - (CH_2)_{0-4} N - (CH_2)_{0-4} CH - CH_2 - (CH_2)_{0-4} N - (CH_2)_$ 

or  $-CH - (CH_2)_{0-4} \longrightarrow (CH_2)_{0-4}^{R^{21}} \cap (CH_$ 

8. A compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^A$  is  $R^b$  when W is  $R^{22}$   $R^{23}$   $R^{25}$   $R^{26}$  . CH-NH-C- or -CH-(CH) $\frac{1}{0-2}$ .

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A compound of claim 4 which is (4R)-3-[8-(ethoxycarbonyl)octanoyl]-2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid.

- 1 10. A compound of claim 4 which is (4R,4'R)-3,3'-(nonane-dioyl)bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid methyl ester].
  - 11. A compound according to claim 4 which is (4R)-3-(11-carboxyundecanoy1)-2-(3-cyanopheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid:

(4R,4'R)=3.3'-{decar-dioyl}bis[2-f3-cyanopheny]}-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid];

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(dodecanedioyl)bis[2-(3-cyanophenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic aci4;

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(4R)-3-(8-carboxyoctanoy1)-2-(3-nitropheny1)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid;

(4R,4'R)-3,3'-(nonanedioyl)bis[2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid];

(4R)-3-(7-carboxyheptanoy1)-2-(2-hydroxypheny1)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid.

- 12. A compound according to claim 4 which is (4R)-3
  [[(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid;

  (4R)-3-[[[1-(ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]amino]acetyl]-2
  (2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid.
- 13. A compound according to claim 4 which is 1-[[(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid;
  1-[[[1-(ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]amino]acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid.
- 14. A compound of claim 4 which is (4R)-3-[[(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)thio]acetyl]-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidine-carboxylic acid.
  - 15. A compound of claim 4 which is (4R)-3-(4-carboxy-butancy1)-2-(2-hydroxypheny1)-4-thiazolidinecarboxylic acid.

16. A process for preparing a compound of the formula [I] 

$$R^{A} \xrightarrow{Q^{1-Q^{2}}}_{CO-W-CO-R^{C}}$$

wherein

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 $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  each is metrylene or sulfur, but  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  are not sulfur at the same time; 10

RA is Ra or Rb;

RB and RC each is RC;

W is 
$$\begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ C \\ 1^2 \end{bmatrix}_{t=1}^{R^3} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^5 \\ C \\ 1^4 \end{bmatrix}_{m} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^5 \\ C \\ 1^6 \end{bmatrix}_{n} \begin{bmatrix} R^7 \\ C \\ 1^8 \end{bmatrix}_{p} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^9 \\ C \\ 1^{10} \end{bmatrix}_{q} \begin{bmatrix} R^{11} \\ 1^{12} \end{bmatrix}_{z} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^{13} \\ 1^{14} \end{bmatrix}_{s} \begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ C \\ 1^{16} \end{bmatrix}_{t} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ R^{16} \end{bmatrix}_{t} \times \begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ R$$

1, m, n, p, q, r, s and t each is 0, 1, 2 or 3;  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , ...,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each is  $R^d$ ;

 $R^{A}$  is  $R^{b}$  when W is -CH-NH-C- or -CH-(CH), wherein  $R^{22}$ ,  $R^{22}$   $R^{24}$   $R^{25}$   $R^{25}$   $R^{26}$ 25  $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  each is  $R^{6}$ 

Rais selected from the group consisting of

(i) hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower alkenyl, and

(ii) lower alkyl and lower alkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

R<sup>b</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a)(i) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl, and

(ii) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl, and

(iii) carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl and heteroaryloxycarbonyl;

- (b)(i) phenyl and naphthyl, and
- (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
- (c) (i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
  (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,

lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

R<sup>C</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydroxy, lower alkoxy and amino, and

(ii) lower alkoxy and amino substituted by at least one substituen selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aralkyl, heteroarakyl, aralkenyl, heteroarakenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, heteroarakyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, acyloxy, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted aralkyl and substituted aryl wherein the substituent is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen or amino;

- (b) (i) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy, and
- (ii) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen and amino, and

(c) 
$$CC - R^B$$
;

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R<sup>d</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy,
carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo, and

(ii) lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl,
alkanoyl arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy, carboxy,
amino, mercapto and sulfo substituted by at least one
substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,
lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, aryl, heteroaryl,
acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, quanidino, mercapto,

- acylamino, acylmercapto, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, halogen, nitro, cyano, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio and lower alkylsulfinyl;
  - (b)(i) phenyl and naphthyl, and
  - (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
    - (c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
- (ii) fury!, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylene-dioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

and salts thereof

which comprises

(i) reacting a compound of the formula [II]

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$$\mathbb{R}^{A} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{Q}^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathbb{Q}^{2}} \mathbb{C}^{O-\mathbb{R}^{B}}$$
[II]

wherein R<sup>A</sup> and R<sup>B</sup> may include suitable protection of any reactive groups with the reactive derivative of a carboxylic acid of the formula [III] (e.g., acyl halide, acid anhydride, mixed anhydride, active ester, etc.)

HOOC-W-CO-R<sup>C</sup>

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[III]

wherein R<sup>C</sup> and W may include suitable protection of any reactive groups, followed by removal of protective groups, if necessary, to yield a compound of the formula [I];

(ii) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [IV]

$$HOOC-W^1-L$$
 [IV]

wherein  $W^{1}$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} R^{1} \\ C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ C \end{bmatrix}$ , and may include suitable protection of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}_{Z} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}_{R}$ .

any reactive groups, and L is a leaving group to yield a comp of the formula [V]

and then reacting a compound of the formula [V] with a compound of the formula [V1]  $^{20}$ 

(H) 
$$X-W^2-Y-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [VI]

wherein 
$$W^2$$
 is  $\begin{bmatrix} R^5 \\ C \\ R^6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $W^3$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} R^9 \\ C \\ R^1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $W^4$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} R^{13} \\ C \\ R^{14} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ C \\ R^{16} \end{bmatrix}$ 

and  $W^2$ ,  $W^3$ ,  $W^4$ , X, Y, Z and  $R^C$  may include suitable protection

of any reactive groups, followed by removal of protective groups, if necessary, to yield a compound of the formula [I];

(iii) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [VII]

 $HOOC-w^1-x-w^2-L$  [VII],

and then with a compound of the formula [VIII]

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(H) 
$$Y-v^{-3}-Z-w^4-CO-R^C$$
 [VIII]

by the same method as (ii) above to yield a compound of the formula [I];

(iv) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [IX]

15 
$$100C-W^{1}-X-W^{2}-Y-W^{3}-L$$
 [IX],

and then with a compound of the formula [X]

$$(H) Z-W^{4}-CO-R^{C}$$
 [X]

by the same method as (ii) above to yield a compound of the formula [I];

(v) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [XI]

$$HOOC-W^1-X(H)$$
 [XI],

and then with a compound of the formula [XII]

1 
$$L-w^2-y-w^3-z-w^4-co-R^C$$
 [XII]

by the same method as (ii) above to yield a compound of the formula [I];

5 (vi) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [XIII]

$$HOOC-W^1-X-W^2-Y(H)$$
 [XIII],

and then with a compound of the formula [XIV]

$$10 L-W^3-Z-W^4-CO-R^C [XIV]$$

by the same method as (ii) above to yield a compound of the formula [I], or

(vii) reacting a compound of the formula [II] with the
 reactive derivative of carboxylic acid of the formula [XV]

$$HOOC-W^{1}-X-W^{2}-Y-W^{3}-Z(H)$$
 [XV],

and then with a compound of the formula [XVI]

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$$L-W^4-CO-R^C$$
 [XVI]

by the same method as (ii) above to yield a compound of the formula [I];

furthermore converting R<sup>B</sup>, R<sup>C</sup>, X, Y and Z to other functional groups by the general methods, if desired, to obtain a desired compound of the formula [I].

17. A composition comprising a compound of the formula [I]

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$$\begin{array}{c}
Q^{1-Q^{2}} \\
R^{A} \\
\downarrow \\
CO-W-CO-R^{C}
\end{array}$$
[1]

wherein

 $\rm Q^1$  and  $\rm Q^2$  each is methylene or sulfur, but  $\rm Q^1$  and  $\rm Q^2$  are not sulfur at the same time;

R<sup>A</sup> is R<sup>a</sup> or R<sup>b</sup>;
R<sup>B</sup> and R<sup>C</sup> each is R<sup>C</sup>;

W is  $\begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ C \\ R^2 \end{bmatrix}_{Z} \begin{bmatrix} R^3 \\ R^4 \end{bmatrix}_{X} = \begin{bmatrix} R^5 \\ C \\ R^6 \end{bmatrix}_{R} \begin{bmatrix} R^7 \\ C \\ R^9 \end{bmatrix}_{R} \begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ C \\ R^1 \end{bmatrix}_{Z} \begin{bmatrix} R^{13} \\ C \\ R^{14} \end{bmatrix}_{X} \begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ C \\ R^{16} \end{bmatrix}_{X}$ , where:

X, Y and Z each is single bond,  $-CH_2-$ , -C = C-, -C = C-, -C = C-,

1 
$$-N$$
 or  $-N-$ ;

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1, m, n, p, q, r, s and t each is 0, 1, 2 or 3;  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , ...,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each is  $R^d$ ;

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(i) hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower alkenyl, and

(ii) lower alkyl and lower alkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxy-carbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino-f sulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

R<sup>b</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl, a:

(ii) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl
substituted by at least one substituent selected from the
group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogenolower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy,
acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino,
dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower
alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl,
aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and
lower alkylsulfinyl, and
(iii) carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl,
aryloxycarbonyl and heteroaryloxycarbonyl;

(b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and

(ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one subsituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkexy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, arylexy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino,

acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl; (c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and

(ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonvl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

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R<sup>C</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydroxy, lower alkoxy and amino, and

(ii) lower alkoxy and amino substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl, heteroaralkyloxy, aryloxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, acyloxy, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted aralkyl and substituted aryl wherein the substituent is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen, or amino;

(b)(i) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy, and

(ii) aryloxy and heterogryloxy substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen and amino, and

(c) 
$$C^{1-Q^2}$$
;  $R^{A-CO-R^B}$ 

R<sup>d</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl,
heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl,
hydroxy, carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo, and

- (a) (ii) lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, guanidino,
- heteroaryl, acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, guanidi mercapto, acylamino, acylmercapto, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, halogen, nitro, cyano, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino-sulfonyl, lower alkylthio and lower alkylsulfinyl;
  - (b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and
  - (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,
- lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy,
  lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl,
  lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;
  - (c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
- (ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

- or salts thereof in an amount sufficient to prevent or relieve diabetes mellitus associated complications consisting of cataracts, neuropathy, nephropathy and retinopathy, and pharmaceutically acceptable excipient(s).
- 18. A composition comprising a compound of the formula [I]

; .

10 wherein

 $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  each is methylene or sulfur, but  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  are not sulfur at the same time;

RA is Ra or Rb;

15 RB and RC each is RC;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{W is} \begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ \vdots \\ R^2 \end{bmatrix}_{l} \begin{bmatrix} R^3 \\ \vdots \\ R^4 \end{bmatrix}_{m} \text{X} & \begin{bmatrix} R^5 \\ \vdots \\ R^6 \end{bmatrix}_{n} \begin{bmatrix} R^7 \\ \vdots \\ R^8 \end{bmatrix}_{r} \text{Y} & \begin{bmatrix} R^9 \\ \vdots \\ R^10 \end{bmatrix}_{q} \begin{bmatrix} R^{11} \\ \vdots \\ R^12 \end{bmatrix}_{r} \text{Z} & \begin{bmatrix} R^{13} \\ \vdots \\ R^{14} \end{bmatrix}_{s} \begin{bmatrix} R^{15} \\ \vdots \\ R^{16} \end{bmatrix}_{t} & \text{wherein} \\ \end{array}$$

X, Y and Z each is single bond,  $-CH_2^-$ ,  $-C = C^-$ 

$$-N$$
 or  $-N-$  ;

25  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , ...,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each is  $R^d$ ;

 $R^{A}$  is  $R^{b}$  when W is or , wherein  $R^{22}$ ,  $R^{23}$  -CH-NH-C- -CH-(CH) $\frac{1}{C-2}$ 

\_ ,

 $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  each is  $R^{d}$ ;

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(i) hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower alkenyl, and

(ii) lower alkyl and lower alkenyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenvl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino-sulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

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R<sup>b</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl,

(ii) aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl and heteroaralkenyl,

substituted by at least one substituent selected from the

group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno
lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy,

acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino,

dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower

alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxy
carbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylamino
sulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl, and

(iii) carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl,

aryloxycarbonyl and heteroaryloxycarbonyl;

(b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and

(ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamino, dialkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl, lower alkylsulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

(c)(i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and
(ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one
substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl,
lower alkenyl, halogeno-lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy,
halogeno-lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, halogen,
nitro, cyano, amino, lower alkylamio, dialkylamino, acylamino,
mercapto, acylmercapto, lower alkylthio, carboxy, lower
alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, sulfamoyl,
lower alkylsulfonyl, and lower alkylsulfinyl;

R<sup>C</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydroxy, lower alkoxy and amino, and

(ii) lower alkoxy and amino substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkenyl, heteroaralkenyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, acyloxy, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted aralkyl and substituted aryl wherein the substitutent is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen or amino;

(b) (i) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy, and(ii) aryloxy and heteroaryloxy substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen and amino, and

$$R^{A} \xrightarrow{Q^{1}-Q^{2}} CO-R^{B}$$

R<sup>d</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

(a) (i) hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl,
heteroaralkyl, alkanoyl, arylalianoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl,
hydroxy, carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo, and

(ii) lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl,
alkanoyl, arylalkanoyl, heteroarylalkanoyl, hydroxy,
carboxy, amino, mercapto and sulfo substituted by at least

- one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyloxy, aroyl, hydroxy, carboxy, amino, quanidino, mercapto, acylamino, acylmercapto, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, halogen, nitro, cyano, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio and lower alkylsulfinyl;
- (b) (i) phenyl and naphthyl, and
  (ii) phenyl and naphthyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy, hydroxy, cabroxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercarto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl,
  - (c) (i) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl, and(ii) furyl, thienyl and pyridyl substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of

lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

hydroxy, carboxy, amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, acylamino, mercapto, acylmercapto, halogeno-lower alkyl, halogeno-lower alkoxy, lower alkylenedioxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, sulfo, sulfamoyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfinyl;

lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, acyloxy,

- or salts thereof in an amount sufficient to reduce blood pressure and pharmaceutically acceptable excipient(s).
  - 19. A compound according to claim 1 to 16 for use in a method for therapy or prophylaxis.
  - 20. Use of a compound according to claim 1 to 16 in a process for producing pharmaceutical compositions.

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## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application number

EP 80 10 7869

|              | DOCUMENTS CONSID   | CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CL.) |                       |  |
|--------------|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| Category     | Citation of document with indicapassages   | stion, where appropriate, of relevant        | Relevant<br>to claim  | AFFECATION (IRL CL.)   |
| *            | US - A - 4 154<br>et al.)<br>* Columns 1-2 *   | 937 (D.W. CUSHMAN                            | 1-3,5<br>6,7,<br>16   | C 07 D 277/0<br>207/1<br>A 61 K 31/4   |
| *            | GB - A - 2 000<br>PHARM. LTD.)<br>* Pages 1-2 *                                      | 508 (YOSHITCMI                               | 1 <b>-</b> 5,<br>7,16 | 31/4   |
|              | FR - A - 2 407 *"Revendication   | 204 (SANDOZ S.A.)                            | 1-5 <sub>.</sub>      | TECHNICAL FIELDS<br>SEARCHED (Int. CI.+)   |
|              | FR - A - 2 412<br>ET CIE) *"Revendication  | 537 (SCIENCE UNION                           | 1,2                   | C 07 D 277/0<br>277/1  |
|              | FR - A - 2 340 AND SONS) *"Revendication   | 933 (E.R.SQUIBB                              | 1-3,<br>5-7           |  |
|              | FR - A - 2 340 AND SONS) *"Revendication   | 932 (E.R SQUIBB                              |                       | CATEGORY OF<br>CITED DOCUMENTS  X: particularly relevant  A: technological background  |
|              | FR - A - 2 023 *"Revendication   | 741 (EPROVA AG)                              | 1                     | O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: conflicting application O: document cited in the |
| p            | EP - A - 0 007<br>PHARM)   |  |                       | application  citation for other reasons  |
| 0            | * "Revendications "* ./.  The present search report has been drawn up for all claims |  |                       | <ol> <li>member of the same patent<br/>family,<br/>corresponding document</li> </ol>   |
| Place of sea | ٠ ا  | ate of completion of the search              | Examiner              | carried and an arrangement   |
|              | The Hague  | 09-03-1981                                   | BRI                   | GHENTI   |



## **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**

Application number

EP 80 10 7869 \_-2-

|         | DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT   | CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Ci. 3) |   |
|---------|---|--|---|
| ategory | Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages | Relevant<br>to claim                           | A Control (Inc. o).                                   |
| P       | FR - A - 2 445 324 (SANTEN PHARM) *"Revendications"*                          | 1-5  | •   |
| P       | FR - A - 2 440 365 (SANTEN PHARM)   | 1-5  |   |
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